GUIDELINES FOR PAPER SUBMISSION

The manuscripts should be typed double-spaced on one side of the page (A4) only with wide (3 cm) margins and it should not exceed 10-12 pages. Figures and Tables in the manuscript are to be included in the appropriate places and also are presented on separate pages at the end of the manuscript. All pages should be consecutively numbered at the bottom right corner. All text should be justified in single column. There should not be any underlines or footnotes. The text should be clear, concise, and in proper English, type in 12 point Times New Roman font. For further details visit www. satavahana.ac.in.

CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

Selected papers will be published in the conference proceedings in the book format with ISBN. At least one author must have completed registration formalities for inclusion of paper in conference proceedings.

REGISTRATION FEE

For participant Rs.700/-. Every author should register individually. Research Scholars - 500 rupees

Note : Accommodation is provided on payment basis with prior intimation.

Payment should be made by Demand Draft in favor of Director FDI Seminar, payable at Karimnagar and should be sent to Dr.M.Vara Prasad , Department of Economics, Satavahana University, Malkapoor Road, Chintakunta, Karimnagar, 505001

IMPORTANT DATES

Last date for Submission of Abstracts:

5th December, 2014.

Intimation of Acceptance of Abstract :

7th December, 2014.

Last date for submission of full paper with registration fee : 10th December, 2014

varaprasad_manthena@yahoo.co.in

For queries contact :

Dr. Gulam Rabbani-91-9908245128

Dr. Gundeti Ramesh- 91-8498078508

Chief Patron

Prof. K.VEERA REDDY
Vice-Chancellor, S.U

Patron

Prof. M. KOMAL REDDY
Registrar (FAC), S.U

Director of the Seminar

Dr. MANTHANA VARA PRASAD
Head, Dept of Economics

Organizing Committee

Dr. GULAM RABBANI

Dr. GUNDETI RAMESH

Advisory Committee

Prof. T.L.N. SWAMY, O.U, Hyd
Prof. K.PRATAP REDDY, O.U, Hyd
Prof. (Retd.) **N.VIJAYA,** K.U, Wgl
Prof. A.VINAYAK REDDY, K.U, Wgl
Dr. S. SUJATHA, S.U,Knr
Mr. RATAN JYOTHI, S.U,Knr
Dr. A.JAYANTHI, S.U,Knr
Dr. V.NAMRATA, S.U,Knr
Dr. K.PADMAVATHI, S.U,Knr
Dr.V.RAMESH, S.U,Knr
Dr. MOHD JAFER JARI, S.U,Knr
Dr. ABRARUL-BAQUI, S.U,Knr
Dr. HUMERA TASNEEM, S.U,Knr

National Seminar on

FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN INDI
BOON OR BANE

Sponsored by

ICSSR - SOUTHERN REGIO
HYDERABAD & TSCHE

19th and 20th December, 201

Organised by

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS
SATAVAHANA UNIVERSITY
Malkapoor Road, Chintakunta
KARIMNAGAR, Telangana,505001
www.satavahana.ac.in.

ABOUT UNIVERSITY :

In the academic year 1989-90, the Institute became the PG Centre of Osmania University, Hyderabad and subsequently in the year 1993 it was transferred to the administrative control of Kakatiya University, Warangal. In the month of August, 2008 the PG Centre of Kakatiya University at Karimnagar has been upgraded as Satavahana University. With the upgradation of the Post-Graduation College to Satavahana University, during the academic year 2008-2009, three new PG courses i.e., Urdu, Chemistry and Sociology were introduced. The University has presently 14 courses i.e., M.A. in Economics, Urdu, Sociology, Telugu, E English, M.Com, M.B.A., M.C.A., M.Sc. (Chemistry), M.sc (Maths), M.Sc (Botany), M.Sc (Physics), M.Sc. (Computer Science) and B.Pharmacy.

ABOUT DEPARTMENT :

The Department is endowed with efficient, experienced and committed faculty. The Department is at present offering M.A Economics courses. The Department is at present offering Under Graduation and Post Graduation courses in Economics and various constituent colleges, Government and private affiliated colleges under the jurisdiction of Satavahana University. The Department is keen to develop research programmes to contribute to the development of Research, Academicians and students.

ABOUT KARIMNAGAR :

The headquarters of the University is Karimnagar town and as per the University Act, it may be extended to a radius of ten miles. The population and the description of the area are as follows: Since ancient days Karimnagar has been one of the best cultural centres. The district had a glorious past. The land of Karimnagar ruled by various kings belonging to the dynasties of the Satavahanas, the Chalukyas, the Kakatiyas and the Mughals. The excavations at various places like Pedda Bonkur, Dhulikatta unearthed invaluable relics exemplifying the architectural excellence of the bygone days.

The district is in the throes of rapid development with the harnessing of the Godavari and the Manair through the Sri Ram Sagar Project and an industrial complex at Basanthnagar and Godavarikhani with Kesoram Cement, Singareni Collieries and National Thermal Power Corporation are like a garland in the neck of Karimnagar District.

The district has the distinction of producing illustrious persons in different lines of thought and action like Vemulavada Beemakavi, Seshappa, Veluganddula Narayana, P.V. Narasimha Rao, Vanamamalai Varadacharulu, Dr. C. Narayana Reddy, Juvvadi Goutham Rao, B.S. Narayana, P.T. Reddy, Prof. Ch. Hanumantha Rao, Prof. G. Ram Reddy, Prof. Jaffer Nizam, J. Bapu Reddy, Prof. T. Navaneetha Rao, Velichala Kondala Rao are a few of the names in this long list.

ABOUT SEMINAR :

Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) is a direct investment into production or business in a country by an individual or company of another country, either by buying a company in the target country or by expanding operations of an existing business in that country. Foreign direct investment is in contrast to portfolio investment which is a passive investment in the securities of another country such as stocks and bonds.

Foreign investment was introduced in 1991 under Foreign Exchange Management Act (FEMA), driven by the finance minister Manmohan Singh. As Singh subsequently became the prime minister, this has been one of his top political problems, even in the current times. India disallowed overseas corporate bodies (OCB) to invest in India. India imposes cap on equity holding by foreign investors in various sectors, current FDI limit in aviation sector is maximum 49%.

Starting from a baseline of less than $1 billion in 1990, a 2012 UNCTAD survey projected India as the second most important FDI destination (after China) for transnational corporations during 2010-2012. As per the data, the sectors that attracted higher inflows were services, telecommunication, construction activities and computer software and hardware. Mauritius, Singapore, US and UK were among the leading sources of FDI. Based on UNCTAD data FDI flows were $10.4 billion, a drop of 43% from the first half of the last year.

The two day seminar in Satavahana University tries to have a discussion on the above said theme whether the FDI flows will improve the GDP of the Indian economy whose share is nearly 6 % of GDP or it will act as a hindrance to the growing economy with hindering the growth of domestic industry. The papers are expected from scholars in economics, commerce or banking background and other social sciences. The papers can be contributed from legal as well as from NGOs.

THE SUB - THEMES PROPOSED ARE :

1) **FDI in agriculture**
2) **FDI in industry**
3) **FDI in service sector**
4) **FDI in insurance sector**
5) **FDI in defense sector**

Any other pertinent topic related to above themes will be considered for presentation.