Department of Political Science  
Kakatiya University, Warangal  
Course Structure of M.A Political Science under CBCS – 2017-18

## M.A Political Science - I Semester

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## M.A Political Science - II Semester

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**Elective Papers**

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Dr. G. Veeranna  
Chairman Board of Studies
Unit – I:

a) Nature of classical political thought – Importance of study of classics 
b) Ancient Greek Political Thought – Nature and concerns

Unit – II:

a) Plato – Platonic Epistemology – Concept of Man – Theory of Justice; Theory of Ideal state – critical appraisal of Plato’s Political Thought

Unit - III

a) Aristotle – His Method – Theory of State – Classification of Governments – Theory of Revolutions – His views on slavery – Critical estimate of Aristotle’s Political thought

Unit – IV:

a) Scholastic Political Thought – Its nature and concerns 

Unit – V:

a) Renaissance Political Thought – Its nature and concerns 
b) Nicholas Machiavelli- His views on Human Nature – The Prince – Politics & Ethics – An estimate of Machiavelli’s Political Thought

Suggested Readings:

1. G.H. Sabine : History of Political Theory
2. Andrew Hacker : Political Theory
3. Subrat Mukherjee & Susheela Rama Swamy : A History of Political Thought
4. C.L. Wayper : Political Thought
5. Sukhbir Singh : History of Political Thought (Vol.1)
6. W.Ebnestein : Great Political Thought
Semester – I  
1.02: Theory of International Relations

Unit – I:

a) International Relations as a field of study: Nature and scope of International Relations
b) Approaches to the study of International Relations: Idealism and Realist school of thought – Decision – Making Systems Approaches

Game theory

Unit – II:

a) Balance of Power : Meaning – Balance of Power in International Relations & Variants of balance of Power
b) The theory of Colonialism and Imperialism: Various theories – Motives of Imperialism – criticism of these theories

Unit – III:

a) Concept of Power : Elements of Power – Methods of exercising power
– The Evaluations of National power

Unit-IV: a) Concept of Nuclear Deterrence – various strategies of Nuclear Deterrence – Nature of Mutual Assured Destruction- Criticism of these strategies

Unit – V:

a) Foreign Policy – Definition – Determinants of Foreign Policy’s Objectives of a nation’s foreign policy – Instruments of foreign policy and its determinants

Suggested Readings:

4. Quincy Wright, The Study of International Relations (TMS Press, New Delhi, 1970)
5. Stanley Hoffman(ed) Contemporary Theory in International Relations (Englewood elites, 1960 )
7. Mahendra Kumar, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics (New Delhi, 1967)
Semester – I

1.03: Comparative Political System

Unit – I:
   a) Meaning Nature, Scope and Importance of the study of Comparative Politics
   b) Approaches to the Study of Comparative Politics
   c) Traditional – Philosophical – Historical and Institutional
   d) Modern Approaches – Behaviouralism (Structural- Functional and Systems Approach; Decision Making) and Marxian Approach

Unit – II:
   a) Concept of Political Culture and Political Socialization
   b) Political Development Meaning – Lucian Pye’s Concept of Development Syndrome

Unit – III
   a) Party Systems- Nature and essential implementations- Typology of Party System (Sartori – Gabriel Almond)

Unit – IV:
   a) Pressure Groups – Meaning – Nature- Functions – Western and Non-Western Societies

Unit – V:
   a) Typology of Political Systems : Unitary and Federal
   b) Federal – Western – Non-Western Societies

Suggested Readings:

1. Modern Political Constitutions – C.F. Strong
2. Modern Constitutions – A.C. Kapoor
3. The Constitutions of Switzerland, Canada, Japan and Australia- Vishnoo Bhawan and Vidya Bhushan
5. Government and Politics in China- D.J. Waller
6. Civic Culture – Almond, Gabriel and Bigham Powel Jr.
7. Modern Comparative Politics – Peter. H Merkyl
Semester – I
1.04: Indian Constitution

Unit-I: Constitutional Development in India – The Philosophical Foundations
  a) Making of Indian Constitution – Constituent Assembly
  b) The Basic Structure – Federalism
  c) The Fundamental Rights and directive Principles of State Policy

Unit-II: The Executive
  a) The President – Election, Powers and Functions

Unit-III:
  a) The Prime Minister- Powers and Functions
  b) The Functioning of Cabinet Government

Unit-IV: The Legislature – Processes and Functions
  a) Unitary through popular Government
  b) The Problem of second Chamber – The Rajya Sabha
  c) Center- State Relations-Financial, Administrative, Legislative and other

Unit-V: The Judiciary and other Institutions
  a) Supreme Court – Power and Functions. The Independent Judiciary – Judiciary Review
  b) Constitutional Agencies- Election Commission, Finance Commission and Controller and Auditor General

Suggested Readings:

2. Greavvile Austin : The Indian Constitution
3. Rajani Kothari : Indian Politics
4. Francine Forankel : Political Economy of India
5. R.P. Dutt: India Today
6. Resheeduddin Khan : Federalism
Semester – I

1.05: Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought

Unit – I:
   a) Ancient Indian Political Thought Source
   b) Manu- Varna Dharma Ashrama Dharma – Views on Women – Legal Philosophy- Political Ideas (Dhandaniti – Raja Dharma)

Unit – II:
   a) Political Ideas in Mahabharata – Origin of State – Dhandaniti- Raja Dharma
   b) Arthashastra- Saptanga theory- Mandala theory Functions of the State (State Craft)

Unit – III: Pre-Vedic and Post-Vedic Institutions.
   a) Sabha
   b) Samithi
   c) Republics
   d) Kingship

Unit – IV: Buddhist Political Thought
   a) Reorganization of Society
   b) Political Ideas (Maha Sammatha, Nature of Politics)
   c) Buddhist Ethics

Unit- V: Islamic Political Thought
   a) Ziauddin Barauni – Fatawa-Jahandari
   b) Political Ideas of Abul Fazal

Suggested Readings:

1. Kosambi DD : Culture and Civilization in Ancient India
4. Altekar. A.S : State and Government in Ancient India
5. Bhandarkar D.P : Aspects of Ancient Hindu Polity
6. Saltore. B.S. : Ancient Indian Political Thought and Institutions
7. Varma V.P : Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought
8. Mehta V.R : Foundations of Indian Political Thought
Department of Political Science
Kakatiya University, Warangal, Telangana-506 009

SEMESTER – II

2.01: Modern Western Political Thought

Unit – I: Political Thought of the Contractualists:
   c) Rousseau – Human Nature – State of Natural General Will – Paradox of Freedom and authority

Unit – II: Political Thought of English Utilitariansm:
   a) Jeremy Bentham – Concept of Utilitarianism

Unit – III: Political Thought of German Idealism
   a) German Idealism – Hegel–Theory of Dialectics – Philosophy of History
   b) Hegel–Theory of State – Critical evaluation

Unit – IV
   a) Karl Marx – Dialectical Materialism – Historical Materialism – Critique of Capitalism – Theory of class war
   b) Karl Marx – Theory of State – Critical appraisal of Marxism

Unit – V: A Brief Study of the Political ideas of
   a) Jurgen Hebermas: Theory of Knowledge
   b) Hebert Marcuse: One Dimensional Man
   c) Louis Althusser: Ideological state Apparatuses
   b) Foucault: Concept of Power

Suggested Readings:-

1. W.Ebnstein: Great Political Thinkers
2. G.H. Sabine: History of Political Theory
3. Sukbir Singh: History of Political Thought (Vol.II)
4. Subrata Mukherjee & Susheela Rama Swamy: A History of Political Thought
5. Andrew Hacker: Political Theory
6. N.Jayapalan: Comprehensive History of Political Thought
Semester – II
2.02: International Relations

Unit – I:
   a) Source of conflict in International Relations – Power-Ideology– Religion – Culture – Ethnicity
   c) Theoretical perspectives – Hans J. Morgenthau - Karl W. Deaush, Noam Chomsky, Samuel P. Huntington

Unit – II:
   a) Cold War : Meaning - Origin – Evolution of Cold War and its impact
   b) New cold war – causes – Reasons for New Cold War Evolution of New Cold War

Unit – III:
   a) Non-Alignment : Meaning – Causes – Growth of NAM – Evaluation - Relevance of Non-Alignment
   b) Diplomacy: Meaning – Origin of Diplomacy – New Diplomacy and various forms – Decline of Diplomacy

Unit – IV:
   a) New pattern of International Relations: New World Order.
      World Order models – Unipolar world and Multi – Polar World
   b) Disintegration of Soviet Union and its impact on Third World

Unit-V:
   a) New role for the U.N a Critical evaluation

Suggested Readings:

4. Quincy Wright, The Study of International Relations (TMS Press, New Delhi, 1970)
5. Stanley Hoffman (ed) Contemporary Theory in International Relations (Englewood cliffs, 1960)
Mahendra Kumar, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics (New Delhi, 1967
**SEMESTER – II**

**2.03: Comparative Political Systems**

**Unit – I**  : UNITED KINGDOM – A brief study of the evolution and basic features of the Constitution – The Crown – Parliament – Prime Minister, Judicial System – Political Parties


**Unit – IV**  : SWITZERLAND – Main features of the Swiss Constitution – Federal Legislature - Swiss Executive – Federal Judiciary – Political Parties – working of Direct Democracy

**Unit – V**  : Republic of China- Political Party Judiciary

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Modern Political Constitutions – C.F. Strong
2. Modern Constitutions – A.C. Kapoor
3. The Constitutions of Switzerland, Canada, Japan and Australia- Vishnoo Bhawan and Vidya Bhushan
5. Government and Politics in China- D.J. Waller
6. Civic Culture – Almond, Gabriel and Bigham Powel Jr.
7. Comparative Judicial Politics – Bocker Theore L.
8. The Comparative Study of Political Parties – Lawson Key.
9. Modern Comparative Politics – Merkyl, Peter.H.
10. Comparative Politics- Price, J.H.
11. The Comparative Judicial Behavior – Schubert Glandon
SEMESTER – II

2.04: Indian Politics (Society, Economy & Polity)

Unit – I  Nature of Indian State: Socio-economic Dimensions of Indian Politics - Caste, Class, Religion, Region, Language and Politics in India – Problem of National integration


Unit-III  Party system in India: Major National and Regional Political Parties; Pressure Groups; Politics of Coalition;

Unit-IV  Disadvantaged groups in Indian Politics – Issues of Secularism, Communalism and Regionalism


Suggested Readings:-

1. Rajani Kothari: caste in Indian Politics
2. Francine, Frankel: Political Economy of India
3. Rudolph and Rudolph : In Search of Laxmi
4. Rajani Kothari : Politics in India
5. A.S. Narang: Indian Government & Politics
6. Sugathasen Gupta : India (Society culture and Economy)
SEMESTER – II

2.05: Modern Indian Political Thought

Unit – I: Renaissance
a) Raja Rammohan Roy – Social Reforms – Political ideas
b) Mahatma Phule – Contribution for the uplift of the downtrodden
c) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan – Champion of the Welfare of the Muslims

Unit – II: Nationalist Thought
a) Dadabhai Naouroji – The drain theory
b) Gopal Krishna Gokhale – Political Goals – Political Techniques
c) Bala Gangadhar Tilak – Swarajya – Militant Nationalism
d) Sri Aurobindo Ghosh – The Goal of Society – Evolution and types of Society
   – A perfect society

Unit – III M.K. Gandhi
a) End – Means relationship
b) Concept of Swaraj
c) Techniques of Satyagraha
d) Concept of the State
e) Relevance of Gandhism today

Unit – IV Discourse on Modern India
a) Swami Vivekananda – Nationalism
b) Jawaharlal Nehru – Secularism and democratic Socialism

Unit - V
a) Rammanohar Lohia – Caste and Indian Society
b) Babasaheb Ambedkar – Uplift of untouchables – Concept of Ideal Society-Political Ideas
c) M.N.Roy – Concept of Freedom – Concept of Radical Humanism

Suggested Readings:
1. VARMA. V.P: Modern Indian Political Thought
2. Thomas Pantham Kenneth L. Deutsch, etd: Political Thought in Modern India
3. Dhananjay Keer : Mahatma Jothi Rao Phule Father of Indian Social Revolution
4. Metha. V.R : Foundations of Indian Political Thought
5. Mohanty. D.K: Indian political Tradition from Manu to Ambedkar
Unit-I:
   a) Classical Political Theory – A Critique of its nature and concerns
   b) Political Theory, Political Philosophy, Political Thought and Political Science – Nature and Distinction.

Unit-II:
   a) Development of Modern Political Science: Contribution of Charles Merian, Harold Lasswell and the Chicago School.

Unit-III:

Unit-IV:
   a) System Theory – Development of Systems Analysis-Political System and its operational dynamics.
   b) Structural-Functional Analysis – Basic tenets-its efficacy for Political Analysis.

Unit-V:
   a) Decision-Making Theory – Basic Assumptions-critical appraisal.
   b) Communication Theory- Basic Assumptions-processes-critical appraisal.
   c) Game Theory- Meaning – Types of Game Theory-its uses and abuses in political analysis.

Books:
2. James Charlesworth: Contemporary Political Theory
3. S.P. Varma : Modern Political Theory
4. NJayapalan : Contemporary Modern Analysis
5. J.C. Hohari : Contemporary Modern Analysis
6. Robert Dahl : Modern Political Analysis
7. Shakhanazaroy : Contemporary Political Science in USA and Western Europe.
Semester – III
PAPER - 3.02: Government and Politics of Telangana

Unite-I: Understanding State Politics
1. Approaches to the Study of State Politics: Linguistic Principle
   Regional autonomy and Internal Colonialism.
2. Trajectory of Regional Autonomy Movements in Telangana: (a) Mulki Agitation (b)
   Telangana Armed Struggle (c) Naxalite Movement
3. Implementation of Gentlemen Agreement: Telangana Movement

Unite-II: Telangana Regional Autonomy Vs Telugu Identity
1. Emergence of TDP- Telugu Identity
2. Re- Emergence of Telangana Movement: Economic Reforms and
   Uneven Development- Agrarian Crisis, Exploitation of Resources

Unite- III: Telangana Regional Autonomy Vs Telugu Identity
1. Agencies of Telangana Movement: (a) Cultural Organizations, Students,
   Women, Employees and Political Parties.
2. Telangana Joint Action Committee (JAC)

Unite-IV: Working Of Political Institutions
1. Governor
2. Chief Minister and Council of Minister
3. Legislature
4. Panchayatraj Institutions

Unite-V: Party Politics and Telangana
1. Congress, BJP and Left Parties
2. TRS, Telugu Desam
3. Media and Politics

Suggested Readings
1. Sarojini Regani, Nizam-British Relations
   for the communist Party (Marxist), Calcutta.
5. Krishna, Water Dispute Tribunal. 1976. (Bachawat Tribunal),
6. K.Y.Reddy, Statehood for Telangana essays on Telangana Agitation, History Cultural
   & Society, and Published by Decan Telangana. 2010.


Unit-I : **Nature of Social Science Research**
   a) Meaning of Social Science Research
   b) Methods of Social Science Research – Traditional and Scientific

Unit - II :
   a) Use and Limitations of Scientific
   b) Objectivity in Social Science Research

Unit-III : **Research Design**
   Meaning, Purpose and Principles of Research Design
   a) Descriptive
   b) Diagnostic

Unit-IV : **Data Collection**
   a) Exploratory
   b) Experimental

Unit-V : **Data Analysis**
   a) Coding and Tabulation
   b) Content Analysis
   c) Interpretation
   d) Evaluation and Style and Presentation

**Books:**
2. Wilkinson and Bhandarkar : Methodology and Techniques of Scientific Research
3. Sharma. B.A.V : Methods in Social Science Research
Semester – III
PAPER - 3.04 (a): Gandhian Studies

Unit-I : M.K. Gandhi- Life- Influences-Leader of freedom
         Struggle in India

Unit-II : a) Gandhi’s social Philosophy- view on religion and God-eradication
         of Untouchability-Emanceipation of Women. Concept on Education

Unit-III : a) Gandhi’s Economic ideas-Concept of basic needs-bread-
         trusteeship. Sarvodaya-self sufficient village.

Unit-IV : Gandhi’s Political Ideas-Means and Ends-Spiritualization of Politics-
         Ethnics in Politics-Concept of Swaraj, Swadeshi-Concept of non-
         Violence-Satyagraha and its techniques-Concepts of freedom and
         responsibility concept of state-philosophical Anarchism-views on
         democracy.

Unit-V : Relevance of Gandhism today the negative and united results of
         development. Gandhism as a remedy. Problems and prospects of
         practicing Gandhism; Gandhism after Gandhi.

Books:

2. Raghavan Iyer : The Moral and Political Thought of Gandhi, Oxford University
3. Thomas Pantham and Kenneth Deutsch : Political Thought in Modern India: Sage
   Publications
5. G.N. Dhavan : The Political Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi, Navajivan
Semester – III
PAPER - 3.04 (b): Panchayati Raj System in India


Unit-II : a) Constitution Provisions. Relating to Panchayati Raj

Unit-III : a) Community development Programmes on India-Balwantrai Mehta Committee Report – Establishment of Panchayati Raj
   b) Aims and Objectives of the Panchayati Raj.

Unit-IV:
   a) Performance of Panchayati Raj Institutions – An Evaluation.
   b) Reforms in Panchayati Raj Institutions- Ashok Mehta Committee Recommendations.

Unit-V:
   a) Devolution of Powers to Panchayati Raj Institutions.
   b) 73rd Constitutional Amendment and its importance.
   c) Panchayati Raj in India – Promise and Performance-Problem s and Prospects.

Books:

1. H.D. Malaviya : Village Panchayati India
3. G. Ram Reddy : Patterns of Panchayati Raj System in India
Semester – III

PAPER - 3.05 (a): Political Sociology

Unit-I:
   a) Political Sociology – Definition, Political Science and Political Sociology-Distinction.

Unit-II:
   a) Power, Authority and Influence- Definitions and Distinctions.
   b) Theories of Elites- Mitchell’s, Parato, Mosca-C. Wright Mill’s Ruling Elites- Typology of Elites.

Unit-III:
   a) Political Culture – Definition, Foundations and Classification- Importance of Political Culture.
   b) Political Socialization-Agents of Political Socialization; Importance of Political Socialization in Political System.
   c) Political Participation-Nature of Participation-Types of participation.

Unit-IV:
   a) The Concepts of Political Development and Political Modernization- Indicators of Political Development. Lucian Pye’s development syndrome.

Unit-V:
   a) Political Parties and Pressure Groups-Definition; Nature; Function; Types of Political Parties.

Books:
1. Almond, Gabriel and Coleman : The Politics of the Developing Areas
   James S.
2. Karl Deutsh : The Nerves of Government
4. Dennis Kavanagh : Political Culture.
5. Almond and Verba : The Civic Culture
6. Lester Milbrath : Political Participation
7. Pye Lucian and Weiner Miron (Ed) : Political Parties and Political Development
8. Sydney Verba : Aspects of Political Development
Semester – III

PAPER - 3.05 (b): Peace and Conflict Studies

Unit-I :
   a) Approaches to study Peace and Conflict in Realm of International Relations:
   b) Theoretical Perspective of John Galtung, Anatoly Rapaport and Martin Wight and William Thompson

Unit-II :
   a) Nature of Conflict in International Relations: territorial, ethnic and Power Politics.
   b) Measure for resolving the conflict: Diplomacy, Confidence-building measures and Third Party Mediations with examples in International Politics

Unit-III :
   a) Disarmament and Society in International Politics: Various arms Control and Disarmaments; U.N. efforts to achieve comprehensive Disarmaments.
   b) Use of Force in International Politics to maintain order in International Politics.

Unit-IV :
   a) Paradox of Nuclear Weapons and Strategy; Various strategies to De-escalation of Nuclear war (Resolving crisis through Disarmament and resolution of conflict).

Unit-V
   a) Resolving conflict through negotiation, Disarmaments and Confidence-Building Measures.

Books:
1. Raymond Aron : Peace and War A Theory of International Relations.
2. Carl Von Clausewitz : On War
3. J.J Rousseau : A Project of Perpetual Peace
4. Immanuel Kant : Perpetual Peace
5. John Strachey : On the Prevention of War
6. R.B. Mow at : Diplomacy and Peace
Department of Political Science  
Kakatiya University, Warangal, Telangana -506 009  
Semester – IV  
PAPER - 4.01: Administrative Thought

Unit-I:
   a) F.W. Taylor-Theory of Scientific Management – A critical evaluation of Taylor’s contribution to administrative thought.

Unit-II:
   a) Elton Mayo – Importance of Human Relations in Administration.
   b) Chester Barnard – Organization as cooperative system-Format and internal organizations- Functions of Executive.

Unit-III:
   b) Douglas McGregor – X and Y theories- his views on professional manager.

Unit-IV:
   a) Fried W. Riggs – Ecology of Administration; Analysis of administrative system, various models- concept of development-a critical assessment of his ideals.

Unit-V:
   a) Yehezkel Dror – Policy Sciences and their implications.

Books:

1. Ravindra Prasad, V.S. Prasad and Satyanarayana : Administrative Thinkers
2. S.N. Ali : Eminent Administrative
3. Pugh, D.A. : Organization Theory : Select Reading
4. Ravindra Prasad, V.S. Prasad and Satyanarayana : Palana tatvavethalu (Telugu)
Semester – IV
PAPER - 4.02: South Asian Government and Politics

Unit-I :
  a) Introduction to South Asian History- Pre-Colonial and Post-Colonial
  b) Evolution of Government Formation in South Asia in Post Colonial Period.

Unit-II :
  a) Salient Features of Constitutions of India and Pakistan.
  b) Structure of Governments-Political Parties.

Unit-III :
  a) Constitutions of Bangladesh, Nepal and Sri Lanka: Salient Features.
      Structure of Governments-Political Parties.


Unit-V : a) Working of Democratic political Process in India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh and Nepal

Books:

1. Brecher.M : The New States of South Asia: A Political Analysis
3. Michael Curtis : Comparative Government and Politics
4. Park, R.L.(ed) : South Asian Political Systems
5. Farmer. B.H : An introduction to South Asia
6. Rajani Kothari : Politics in India
Semester – IV
PAPER - 4.03: Social Movements in India

Unit-I:
   a) Meaning, Causes for Movements in general – India in particular- Aims and Objectives-Relation between Movement and Politics.

Unit-II:
   a) Religion and Caste Movements-Veera Shiva Movement-Backward Class Movements-Self respect Movements and Politics.

Unit-III:
   a) Tribal Movements – A brief Study of tribal movements in pre and post Independent Movements-Santhal-Jharkhand-ULFA Movement-BIRSA, MUNDA

Unit-IV:
   a) Left and Proletariat Movement-Trade Union Movement, Telangana armed struggle-Naxalite Movement.

Unit-V:
   a) Women and Environmental Movements.
   b) Peasant Movement.

BOOKS:

1. A.R. Desai : Peasants Structures in India
2. M.S.A. Rao : Social Movements in India.
4. B.B. Misira : Back ward Classes Movements in India
Semester – IV  
PAPER - 4.04(a): Women and Politics in India

Unit-I :
   a) Feminism-Meaning and Nature  
   b) Trends in Feminist Ideology – Liberal Socialist and Radical  
   c) Feminism in India- Its social bases and concerns.  
   d) Concept of Patriarchy – Its nature and forms.

Unit-II:
   a) Social, Political and Economic status of women in India  
   b) Participation of Women in Political Parties, and governments- Major Constraints.  
   c) Education, Mass Media and Women in India

Unit-III:
   a) Emergence of autonomous women’s groups  
   b) Women movement in Urban and Rural India- Major issues and trends.  
   c) Politics of Gender- the dominant and dominations relationship- Family and Society.

Unit-IV:  

Unit-V:  
   a) Women’s Development- Problems and Prospects.

BOOKS:
1. Neera Desai : Women in Modern India.  
2. Rehna Ghadially : Women in Indian Society  
3. Pratima, Shanta : Women Movement in India  
4. Jadith Evans : Feminism in Political Theory  
5. Devaki Jain : Women’s quest for Power  
6. Devaki Jain : Indian Women  
7. S.K. Ghosh : Women in Politics  
8. Vina Mazundar : Symbols of Power: Studies in the Political Status of Women in India
Semester – IV
PAPER - 4.04(b): Socialist Thought in India

Unit-I : Socialist Thought in India – A Historical Overview-Origin of Communist Movement-Congress Socialist Party.

Unit-II : Jawaharlal Nehru and Subhas Chandra Bose.

Unit-III : Jayaprakash Narain

Unit-IV : a) Ram Manohar Lohia
           b) Narendra Dev

Unit-V : M.N. Roy - Socialist ideas – Radical Humanism.

Books:

1. Thomas Pantham and Kenneth L Deustch (ED) : Political thought in Modern India
2. V.P. Varma : Modern Indian Political Thought
4. M.N.Roy : Reason, Romanticism and Revolution
5. Toye Hugh : Subhas Chandra Bose.
6. Jayaprakash Narayana : Why Socialism?
Semester – IV

PAPER - 4.05(a): Indias Foreign Policy

Unit-I :

a) Nature and Functioning of India Foreign Policy; Determinants: Size, Indian Ocean and Indo-Pakistan Frontier.
b) Historical Background of India Foreign Policy
   1) Colonial legacy, 2) Freedom Movement.

Unit-II :

a) Approaches of India Foreign Policy: Idealist view, Internationalism, Anti-Imperialism and Non – Alignment.
b) Factors Conditioning the Foreign policy International Milieu, Big Power Politics, Nuclear Weapons and indo-Pak conflict.

Unit-III :

b) Nehru Factors in Formulating India’s Foreign Policy, Emergence of non-Aligned Policy and East-West conflict;

Unit-IV :

a) India Foreign Policy: national Interest- Globalization and Emerging New U.N. System.

Unit-V :

a) Policy Formulation in the era of Globalization: Resolving conflicts with her neighbours: India – China.

BOOKS:

1. J. Bandyopadhyaya : The Making of India’s Foreign Policy
2. Frankel, J : The Making of Foreign Policy
3. Making Sisir Gupta : An Analysis of Decision- A Study in Indo-Pakistan
5. Das Gupta, J.B : Indo-Pakistan Relations
Semester – IV
PAPER - 4.05(b): State and Governance in India

Unit-I:
  a) Concept of State, Civil Society and Governance.

Unit-II:
  a) Conceptualizing Good Governance.
  b) Changing role of the State

Unit-III:
  State and Welfare Politics.
  Welfare Politics for Socially disadvantaged groups.
  a) Scheduled Castes.
  b) Scheduled tribes.
  c) Backward Classes

Unit-IV:
  State and Urban Governance
  a) Urbanization – Causes
  b) Problems of Urbanization.
  c) Local bodies & Urban Governance.

Unit-V:
  Good Governance – Need for Reforms.
  a) Political.
  b) Administrative
  c) Police.

BOOKS:

2. Duely, Ajay, (ed) : Democratic Governance:
   Management Practices in India
3. Faundez, Julio,(ed) : Good Governance and Law:
   Legal and Institutional Reform
4. Frischatak, Leila : Governance capacity and economic
   reform in developing countries.
5. Gupta, N.C. and
6. Page, W., (ed) : The Future of Politics: Governance,
   Movements and World order.
7. Rhodes, raw : Understanding governance Policy
   Network
9. Sivaraman.B.Bitter Sweet : Governance of India in Transition
10. Abdul Aziz and David D. Arnold(ed) : Decentralized governance: ethics and Economics of the world order
11. Desai, Meghanand and Paul Redfern, (eds) : Global governance: ethics and Economics of the world order
12. Murray, Charles : In Pursuit of happiness and good Government