

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY WARANGAL-506 009

Department of Physics, Kakatiya University offers Physics and Electronics as core subjects at UG level (3 Year course) with six semesters with internal assessment for theory papers under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) in University constituent and affiliated colleges for the students admitted in first year from 2016-17 academic year onwards.

- Each of first four Semesters (i.e I, II III and IV) contains one theory core paper (20 marks for Internal Assessment and 80 marks for Semester End Exam equivalent to 4 credits) as Discipline Specific Course (DSC) and one practical paper (25 marks equivalent to 01 credit), whereas each of last two semesters (i.e V and VI) contains one theory core paper as DSC (15 marks for Internal Assessment and 60 marks for Semester End Exam equivalent to 3 credits), one theory elective paper as Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) (15 marks for Internal Assessment and 60 marks for Semester End Exam equivalent to 3 credits) and two practical papers (One for DSC and the other for DSE carries 25 marks in each paper equivalent to 01 credit). Total marks are 900 and credits are 36 for Physics course.
- 2. Internal Assessment examination will be conducted twice in every Semester. Marks will be awarded from the average of the two Internal Assessment Exams in each Semester.
- 3. Scheme for CBCS, work-load for each paper, distribution of marks and credits; and scheme of question paper for Physics are attached herewith.
- 4. The practical examination will be conducted at the end of each semester. A minimum of 40% marks should be obtained by the student to pass the practical examination of Physics in all semesters.
- 5. All the theory papers and practical papers of Physics in I, II, III, IV and DSC paper of V & VI semesters are common to all students. But, elective theory (DSE) papers of Physics in V and VI Semesters are to be chosen by the student from the available options.
- 6. Elective (DSE) papers of Physics will be offered separately at the beginning of Semesters V and VI. Every student has to choose one elective from the Electives being offered.

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY, WARANGAL SCHEME FOR CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM B.Sc. (PHYSICS) <u>SEMESTER PATTERN</u>

YEAR	SEM	COURSE (PAPER) TITLE WITH CODE	COURSE	HRS/		MARKS		
			TYPE*	WEEK	CREDITS	Internal Assessment	SEM End Exam	
	Ι	101: Mechanics	DSC-1	4	4	20	80	
F		101(P): Mechanics Lab (Pr)	DSC-1(P)	3	1	-	25	
I R	П	201: Waves and Oscillations	DSC-2	4	4	20	80	
S T		201(P): Waves and Oscillations Lab (Pr)	DSC-2(P)	3	1	-	25	
S	ш	301: Thermal Physics	DSC-3	4	4	20	80	
Е		301(P): Thermal Physics Lab (Pr)	DSC-3(P)	3	1	-	25	
C O	IV	401: Optics	DSC-4	4	4	20	80	
N D		401(P): Optics Lab (Pr)	DSC-4(P)	3	1	-	25	
	v	501: Electromagnetism	DSC-5	3	3	15	60	
		501(P): Electromagnetism Lab (Pr)	DSC-5(P)	3	1	-	25	
T H		502: Elective (Theory) – 1 (A/B/C) A. Solid state physics B. Modern Optics	DSE-1	3	3	15	60	
I R D		502(P): Elective (Practical) - 1 (A/B/C) A. Solid state physics Lab B. Modern Optics Lab	DSE-1(P)	3	1	-	25	
	VI	601: Modern Physics	DSC-6	3	3	15	60	
		601(P): Modern Physics Lab (Pr)	DSC-6(P)	3	1	-	25	
		602: Elective (Theory) – 2 (A/B/C) A. Basic Electronics B. Physics of Semiconductor devices	DSE-2	3	3	15	60	
		602(P): Elective (Practical) – 2 (A/B/C) A. Basic Electronics Lab B. Physics of Semiconductor devices Lab	DSE-2(P)	3	1	-	25	
		Total			36	140	760	
					36	Grand Total : 900		

*DSC: Discipline Specific Course (Core)

DSE: Discipline Specific Elective (Elective)

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B.Sc. (PHYSICS) KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY, WARANGAL

SUMMARY OF CREDITS

SEM	Course Type*	Credits/M arks (Theory) (Internal +Sem End Exam)	HPW (Theory)	Credits/ Marks (Practical)	HPW (Practical)	Dept workload per week per section	
Ι	DSC - Core	4 / (20+80)	4	1/25	3	6	
Π	DSC - Core	4 / (20+80)	4	1/25	3	6	
III	DSC - Core	4 / (20+80)	4	1/25	3	6	
IV	DSC - Core	4 / (20+80)	4	1/25	3	6	
v	DSC - Core DSE - Elective(A/B)	3 / (15+60) 3 / (15+60)	3 3	1/25 1/25	3 3	5 5	
VI	DSC - Core 3 / (15+60) 3 DSE - Elective(A/B) 3 / (15+60) 3			1/25 1/25			
	Total	28 / 700	28	8 / 200	24	52	

* DSC: Discipline Specific Course, DSE: Discipline Specific Elective

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B.Sc. (Physics) I/II/III/IV I - Internal Assessment Examination Code: Name of the Paper (Under CBCS Scheme)

Time: 90 Min]

[Marks: 20

Answer ALL questions. Each question carries equal marks (2 x 10 = 20)

- 1. From Unit 1
- 2. From Unit 1
- 3. From Unit 1
- 4. From Unit 1
- 5. From Unit 1
- 6. From Unit 2
- 7. From Unit 2
- 8. From Unit 2
- 9. From Unit 2
- 10. From Unit 2

SCHEME OF QUESTION PAPER

B.Sc. (Physics) I/II/III/IV II - Internal Assessment Examination Code: Name of the Paper (Under CBCS Scheme)

Time: 90 Min]

[Marks: 20

Answer ALL questions. Each question carries equal marks (2 x 10 = 20)

- 1. From Unit 3
- 2. From Unit 3
- 3. From Unit 3
- 4. From Unit 3
- 5. From Unit 3
- 6. From Unit 4
- 7. From Unit 4
- 8. From Unit 4
- 9. From Unit 4
- 10. From Unit 4

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B.Sc. (Physics) V/VI I - Internal Assessment Examination Code: Name of the Paper (Under CBCS Scheme)

Time: 90 Min]

[Marks: 15

Answer ALL questions. Each question carries equal marks $(1\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 15)$

- 1. From Unit 1
- 2. From Unit 1
- 3. From Unit 1
- 4. From Unit 1
- 5. From Unit 1
- 6. From Unit 2
- 7. From Unit 2
- 8. From Unit 2
- 9. From Unit 2
- 10. From Unit 2

SCHEME OF QUESTION PAPER

B.Sc. (Physics) V/VI II - Internal Assessment Examination Code: Name of the Paper (Under CBCS Scheme)

Time: 90 Min]

[Marks: 15

Answer ALL questions. Each question carries equal marks $(1\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 15)$

- 1. From Unit 3
- 2. From Unit 3
- 3. From Unit 3
- 4. From Unit 3
- 5. From Unit 3
- 6. From Unit 4
- 7. From Unit 4
- 8. From Unit 4
- 9. From Unit 4
- 10. From Unit 4

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B.Sc. (PHYSICS) I/II/III/IV Semester Examination KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY, WARANGAL Code: Name of the Paper (Under CBCS Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks: 80

SECTION A: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (8 X 4 = 32)

Answer Any EIGHT questions. Each question carries equal marks

- 1. From Unit 1
- 2. From Unit 1
- 3. From Unit 1 (Problem)
- 4. From Unit 2
- 5. From Unit 2
- 6. From Unit 2 (Problem)
- 7. From Unit 3
- 8. From Unit 3
- 9. From Unit 3 (Problem)
- 10. From Unit 4
- 11. From Unit 4
- 12. From Unit 4 (Problem)

SECTION B: ESSAY TYPE ANSWER QUESTIONS (4 X 12 = 48)

Answer Any FOUR questions. All questions carry equal marks

13.	(a)	From Unit 1
	OR	
	(b)	From Unit 1
14.	(a)	From Unit 2
	OR	
	(b)	From Unit 2
15.	(a)	From Unit 3
	OR	
	(b)	From Unit 3
16.	(a)	From Unit 4
	OR	
	(b)	From Unit 4

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B.Sc. (PHYSICS) V/VI Semester Examination KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY, WARANGAL Code: Name of the Paper (Under CBCS Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks: 60

SECTION A: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (8 X 3 = 24)

Answer Any EIGHT questions. Each question carries equal marks

- 1. From Unit 1
- 2. From Unit 1
- 3. From Unit 1 (Problem)
- 4. From Unit 2
- 5. From Unit 2
- 6. From Unit 2 (Problem)
- 7. From Unit 3
- 8. From Unit 3
- 9. From Unit 3 (Problem)
- 10. From Unit 4
- 11. From Unit 4
- 12. From Unit 4 (Problem)

SECTION B: ESSAY TYPE ANSWER QUESTIONS (4 X 9 = 36)

Answer Any FOUR questions. All questions carry equal marks

13.	(a)	From Unit 1
	OR	
	(b)	From Unit 1
14.	(a)	From Unit 2
	OR	
	(b)	From Unit 2
15.	(a)	From Unit 3
	OR	
	(b)	From Unit 3
16.	(a)	From Unit 4
	OR	
	(b)	From Unit 4

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B.Sc. (Physics)- I Year Semester – I Paper – I:: Mechanics

Total: 48 hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit – I

1. Vector Analysis (12)

Scalar and Vector fields, Gradient of a Scalar field and its physical significance. Divergence and Curl of a Vector field and related problems. Vector integration, line, surface and volume integrals. Stokes', Gauss's and Green's theorems- simple applications.

Unit – II

2. Mechanics of Particles (6)

Laws of motion, motion of variable mass system, motion of a rocket, multi-stage rocket, conservation of energy and momentum. Collisions in two and three dimensions, concept of impact parameter, scattering cross-section.

3. Mechanics of Rigid Bodies (6)

Definition of Rigid body, rotational kinematic relations, equation of motion for a rotating body, angular momentum and inertial tensor. Euler's equation, precession of a top, Gyroscope.

Unit – III

4. Central Forces (12)

Central forces – definition and examples, conservative nature of central forces, conservative force as a negative gradient of potential energy, equation of motion under a central force, gravitational potential and gravitational field, motion under inverse square law, derivation of Kepler's laws, Coriolis force and its expressions.

Unit – IV

5. Special theory of Relativity (12)

Galilean relativity, absolute frames, Michelson-Morley experiment, Postulates of special theory of relativity. Lorentz transformation, time dilation, length contraction, addition of velocities, mass-energy relation. Concept of four vector formalism.

Note: Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units.

Suggested Books

- 1. Berkeley Physics Course. Vol.1, Mechanics by C. Kittel, W. Knight, M.A. Ruderman Tata-McGraw hill Company Edition 2008.
- 2. Fundamentals of Physics. Halliday/Resnick/Walker Wiley India Edition 2007.
- 3. First Year Physics Telugu Academy.
- 4. Introduction to Physics for Scientists and Engineers. F.J. Ruche. McGraw Hill.
- 5. Fundamentals of Physics by Alan Giambattista et al *Tata-McGraw Hill Company* Edition, 2008.
- 6. University Physics by Young and Freeman, *Pearson Education, Edition 2005*.

- 7. Sears and Zemansky's University Physics by Hugh D. Young, Roger A. Freedman *Pearson Education Eleventh Edition*.
- 8. An introduction to Mechanics by Daniel Kleppner & Robert Kolenkow. *The McGraw Hill Companies*.
- 9. Mechanics. Hans & Puri. TMH Publications.
- 10. Engineering Physics. R.K. Gaur & S.L. Gupta. Dhanpat Rai Publications.
- **11. The Feynman Lectures in Physics, Vol.-1**, R P Feynman, RB Lighton and M Sands, BI Publications,
- 12. Mechanics-P.K. Srivastava New Age International.

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B.Sc. (Physics Practicals) – I year Semester - I Paper – I:: Mechanics Practicals

- 1. Measurement of errors -simple Pendulum.
- 2. Calculation of slope and intercept of a Y = mX + C graph by theoretical method (simple pendulum experiment)
- 3. Study of a compound pendulum- determination of 'g' and 'k'.
- 4. Y' by uniform Bending
- 5. Y by Non-uniform Bending.
- 6. Moment of Inertia of a fly wheel.
- 7. Rigidity moduli by torsion Pendulum.
- 8. Determine surface tension of a liquid through capillary rise method.
- 9. Determination of Surface Tension of a liquid by any other method.
- 10. Determine of Viscosity of a fluid.

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed. Maximum of 15 students per batch and maximum of three students per experiment should be allotted in the regular practical class of three hours per week.

Suggested Books

- 1. D.P. Khandelwal, "A laboratory manual for undergraduate classes" (Vani Publishing House, New Delhi).
- 2. S.P. Singh, "Advanced Practical Physics" (Pragati Prakashan, Meerut).
- 3. Worsnop and Flint- Advanced Practical physics for students.
- 4. "Practical Physics" R.K Shukla, Anchal Srivastava.

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B.Sc. (Physics)- I Year Semester – II Paper II:: Waves and Oscillations

Total: 48 hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit – I

Fundamentals of Vibrations (12)

Simple harmonic oscillator, and solution of the differential equation– Physical characteristics of SHM, torsion pendulum, - measurements of rigidity modulus, compound pendulum, measurement of 'g', combination of two mutually perpendicular simple harmonic vibrations of same frequency and different frequencies, Lissajous figures

Unit – II

Damped and forced oscillations (12)

Damped harmonic oscillator, solution of the differential equation of damped oscillator. Energy considerations, comparison with undamped harmonic oscillator, logarithmic decrement, relaxation time, quality factor, differential equation of forced oscillator and its solution, amplitude resonance, velocity resonance. Coupled Oscillators.

Unit – III

Vibrating Strings (12)

Transverse wave propagation along a stretched string, general solution of wave equation and its significance, modes of vibration of stretched string clamped at ends, overtones, energy transport, transverse impedance

Unit – IV

Vibrations of bars (12)

Longitudinal vibrations in bars- wave equation and its general solution. Special cases (i) bar fixed at both ends ii) bar fixed at the mid point iii) bar free at both ends iv) bar fixed at one end. Transverse vibrations in a bar- wave equation and its general solution. Boundary conditions, clamped free bar, free-free bar, bar supported at both ends, Tuning fork.

Note: Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units.

Suggested Books

- 1. Berkeley Physics Course. Vol.1, **Mechanics** by C. Kittel, W. Knight, M.A. Ruderman *Tata-McGraw hill Company Edition 2008*.
- 2. Fundamentals of Physics. Halliday/Resnick/Walker Wiley India Edition 2007.
- 3. First Year Physics Telugu Academy.
- 4. Introduction to Physics for Scientists and Engineers. F.J. Ruche. McGraw Hill.
- 5. Fundamentals of Physics by Alan Giambattista et al *Tata-McGraw Hill Company* Edition, 2008.
- 6. University Physics by Young and Freeman, *Pearson Education, Edition 2005*.

- 7. Sears and Zemansky's University Physics by Hugh D. Young, Roger A. Freedman *Pearson Education Eleventh Edition*.
- 8. An introduction to Mechanics by Daniel Kleppner & Robert Kolenkow. *The McGraw Hill Companies*.
- 9. Mechanics. Hans & Puri. TMH Publications.
- 10. Engineering Physics. R.K. Gaur & S.L. Gupta. Dhanpat Rai Publications.
- **11. The Feynman Lectures in Physics, Vol.-1**, R P Feynman, RB Lighton and M Sands, BI Publications,
- 12. Mechanics-P.K. Srivastava New Age International.

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B.Sc. (Physics Practicals) – I year Semester - II Paper – II ::Waves and Oscillations Practicals

- 1. Study of damping of an oscillating disc in Air and Water logarithmic decrement.
- 2. Study of Oscillations under Bifilar suspension-Verification of axis theorems
- 3. Study of oscillations of a mass under different combination of springs-Series and parallel.
- 4. Verification of Laws of a stretched string (Three Laws).
- 5. Determination of frequency of a bar-Melde's experiment.
- 6. Observation of Lissajous figures from CRO-Frequency ratio.Amlitude and phase difference of two waves.
- 7. Volume Resonator –determination of frequency of a tuning fork.
- 8. Velocity of Transverse wave along a stretched string.
- 9. Study of damping of a bar pendulum-damping factor
- 10. Study of coupled oscillator-resonance

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed .Maximum of 15 students per batch and maximum of three students per experiment should be allotted in the regular practical class of three hours per week.

Suggested books

- 1. D.P. Khandelwal, "A laboratory manual for undergraduate classes" (Vani Publishing House, New Delhi).
- 2. S.P. Singh, "Advanced Practical Physics" (Pragati Prakashan, Meerut).
- 3. Worsnop and Flint- Advanced Practical physics for students.
- 4. "Practical Physics" R.K Shukla, Anchal Srivastav.

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B.Sc. (Physics)- II Year Semester – III Paper – III:: Thermal Physics (w.e.f the academic year 2017-18)

Total: 48 hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit – I

1. Kinetic theory of gases: (4)

Introduction – Deduction of Maxwell's law of distribution of molecular speeds, Transport Phenomena – Viscosity of gases – thermal conductivity – diffusion of gases.

2. Thermodynamics: (8)

Basics of Thermodynamics-Kelvin's and Clausius statements – Thermodynamic scale of temperature – Entropy, physical significance – Change in entropy in reversible and irreversible processes – Entropy and disorder – Entropy of universe – Temperature- Entropy (T-S) diagram – Change of entropy of a perfect gas-change of entropy when ice changes into steam.

Unit – II

3. Thermodynamic potentials and Maxwell's equations: (6)

Thermodynamic potentials – Derivation of Maxwell's thermodynamic relations – Clausius-Clayperon's equation – Derivation for ratio of specific heats – Derivation for difference of two specific heats for perfect gas. Joule Kelvin effect – expression for Joule Kelvin coefficient for perfect and Vanderwaal's gas.

4. Low temperature Physics: (6)

Joule Kelvin effect – liquefaction of gas using porous plug experiment. Joule expansion – Distinction between adiabatic and Joule Thomson expansion – Expression for Joule Thomson cooling – Liquefaction of helium, Kapitza's method – Adiabatic demagnetization – Production of low temperatures – Principle of refrigeration, vapour compression type.

Unit – III

5. Quantum theory of radiation: (12)

Black body-Ferry's black body – distribution of energy in the spectrum of Black body – Wein's displacement law, Wein's law, Rayleigh-Jean's law – Quantum theory of radiation - Planck's law – deduction of Wein's law, Rayleigh-Jeans law, Stefan's law from Planck's law.Measurement of radiation using pyrometers – Disappearing filament optical pyrometer – experimental determination – Angstrom pyroheliometer - determination of solar constant, effective temperature of sun.

Unit – IV

6. Statistical Mechanics: (12)

Introduction, postulates of statistical mechanics. Phase space, concept of ensembles and some known ensembles ,classical and quantum statistics and their differences, concept of probability, Maxwell-Boltzmann's distribution law -Molecular energies in an ideal gas- Maxwell-Boltzmann's velocity distribution law, Bose-Einstein Distribution law, Fermi-Dirac Distribution law, comparison of three distribution laws, Application of B-E distribution to Photons-Planks radiation formula, Application of Fermi-Dirac statistics to white dwarfs and Neutron stars.

NOTE: Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units.

Suggested books

- 1. Fundamentals of Physics. Halliday/Resnick/Walker.C. Wiley India Edition 2007.
- 2. Second Year Physics Telugu Academy.
- 3. Modern Physics by R. Murugeshan and Kiruthiga Siva Prasath (for statistical Mechanics) *S. Chand* & *Co.*
- 4. Modern Physics by G. Aruldhas and P. Rajagopal, *Eastern Economy Education*.
- 5. Berkeley Physics Course. Volume-5. Statistical Physics by F. Reif. The McGraw-Hill Companies.
- 6. An Introduction to Thermal Physics by Daniel V. Schroeder. Pearson Education Low Price Edition.
- 7. Thermodynamics by R.C. Srivastava, Subit K. Saha & Abhay K. Jain Eastern Economy Edition.
- 8. Modern Engineering Physics by A.S. Vasudeva. S. Chand & Co. Publications.
- 9. Feyman's Lectures on Physics Vol. 1,2,3 & 4. Narosa Publications.
- 10. Fundamentals of Optics by Jenkins A. Francis and White E. Harvey, McGraw Hill Inc.
- 12. B.B. Laud "Introduction to statistics Mechanics" (Macmillan 1981)
- 13. F.Reif:"Statistical Physics "(Mcgraw-Hill,1998)
- 14. K.Haung: "Statistical Physics "(Wiley Eastern 1988)

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B.Sc. (Physics Practicals) – II year Semester - III

Paper – III:: Thermal Physics Practicals

- 1. Co-efficient of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee's method.
- 2. Measurement of Stefan's constant.
- 3. Specific heat of a liquid by applying Newton's law of cooling correction.
- 4. Heating efficiency of electrical kettle with varying voltages.
- 5. Calibration of thermo couple
- 6. Cooling Curve of a metallic body
- 7. Resistance thermometer
- 8. Thermal expansion of solids
- 9. Study of conversion of mechanical energy to heat.
- 10. Determine the Specific of a solid (graphite rod)

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed. Maximum of 15 students per batch and maximum of three students per experiment should be allotted in the regular practical class of three hours per week.

Suggested Books

- 1. D.P. Khandelwal, "A laboratory manual for undergraduate classes" (Vani Publishing House, New Delhi).
- 2. S.P. Singh, "Advanced Practical Physics" (Pragati Prakashan, Meerut).
- 3. Worsnop and Flint- Advanced Practical physics for students.
- 4. "Practical Physics" R.K Shukla, Anchal Srivastava

B.Sc. (Physics) - II Year Semester – IV Paper – IV:: Optics (w.e.f the academic year 2017-18)

Total: 48 hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit I: Interference: (12)

Principle of superposition – coherence – temporal coherence and spatial coherence – conditions for Interference of light.

Interference by division of wave front: Fresnel's biprism – determination of wave length of light. Determination of thickness of a transparent material using Biprism – change of phase on reflection – Lloyd's mirror experiment.

Interference by division of amplitude: Oblique incidence of a plane wave on a thin film due to reflected and transmitted light (Cosine law) – Colours of thin films – Non-reflecting films – interference by a plane parallel film illuminated by a point source – Interference by a film with two non-parallel reflecting surfaces (Wedge shaped film) – Determination of diameter of wire-Newton's rings in reflected light with and without contact between lens and glass plate, Newton's rings in transmitted light (Haidinger Fringes) – Determination of wave length of monochromatic light – Michelson Interferometer – types of fringes – Determination of wavelength of monochromatic light, Difference in wavelength of sodium D_1, D_2 lines and thickness of a thin transparent plate.

Unit II: Diffraction: (12)

Introduction – Distinction between Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction, Fraunhofer diffraction:- Diffraction due to single slit and circular aperture – Limit of resolution – Fraunhofer diffraction due to double slit – Fraunhofer diffraction pattern with N slits (diffraction grating).

Resolving Power of grating – Determination of wave length of light in normal and oblique incidence methods using diffraction grating.

Fresnel diffraction-Fresnel's half period zones – area of the half period zones –zone plate – Comparison of zone plate with convex lens – Phase reversal zone plate – diffraction at a straight edge – difference between interference and diffraction.

Unit III: Polarization (12)

Polarized light : Methods of Polarization, Polarization by reflection, refraction, Double refraction, selective absorption , scattering of light – Brewster's law – Malus law – Nicol prism polarizer and analyzer – Refraction of plane wave incident on negative and positive crystals (Huygen's explanation) – Quarter wave plate, Half wave plate – Babinet's compensator – Optical activity, analysis of light by Laurent's half shade polarimeter.

Unit IV: Aberrations and Fiber Optics : (12)

Introduction – Monochromatic aberrations, spherical aberration, methods of minimizing spherical aberration, coma, astigmatism and curvature of field, distortion. Chromatic aberration – the achromatic doublet – Removal of chromatic aberration of a separated doublet.

Fiber Optics : Introduction – Optical fibers – Types of optical fibers – Step and graded index fibers – Rays and modes in an optical fiber – Fiber material – Principles of optical fiber communication and advantages of optical fiber communication.

NOTE: Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units.

Suggested books

- 1. **Optics** by Ajoy Ghatak. *The McGraw-Hill companies*.
- 2. Optics by Subramaniyam and Brijlal. S. Chand & Co.
- 3. Fundamentals of Physics. Halliday/Resnick/Walker.C. Wiley India Edition 2007.
- 4. Optics and Spectroscopy. R. Murugeshan and Kiruthiga Siva Prasath. S. Chand & Co.
- 5. Second Year Physics Telugu Academy.
- 6. Modern Engineering Physics by A.S. Vasudeva. S. Chand & Co. Publications.
- 7. Feyman's Lectures on Physics Vol. 1,2,3 & 4. Narosa Publications.
- 8. Fundamentals of Optics by Jenkins A. Francis and White E. Harvey, McGraw Hill Inc.
- 9. K. Ghatak, Physical Optics'
- 10. D.P. Khandelwal, Optical and Atomic Physics' (Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1988)
- 11. Jenkins and White: 'Fundamental of Optics' (McGraw-Hill)
- 12. Smith and Thomson: 'Optics' (John Wiley and sons).

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B.Sc. (Physics Practicals) – II year Semester - IV Paper – IV:: Optics Practicals

- 1. Thickness of a wire using wedge method.
- 2. Determination of wavelength of light using Biprism.
- 3. Determination of Radius of curvature of a given convex lens by forming Newton's rings.
- 4. Resolving power of grating.
- 5. Study of optical rotation-polarimeter.
- 6. Dispersive power of a prism
- 7. Determination of wavelength of light using diffraction grating minimum deviation method.
- 8. Wavelength of light using diffraction grating normal incidence method.
- 9. Resolving power of a telescope.
- 10. Refractive index of a liquid and glass (Boys Method).
- 11. Pulfrich refractometer determination of refractive index of liquid.
- 12. Wavelength of Laser light using diffraction grating.

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed Maximum of 15 students per batch and maximum of three students per experiment should be allotted in the regular practical class of three hours per week.

Suggested Books

- 1. D.P. Khandelwal, "A laboratory manual for undergraduate classes" (Vani Publishing House, New Delhi).
- 2. S.P. Singh, "Advanced Practical Physics" (Pragati Prakashan, Meerut).
- 3. Worsnop and Flint- Advanced Practical physics for students.
- 4. "Practical Physics" R.K Shukla, Anchal Srivastav.

B.Sc. (Physics)- III Year Semester – V Paper – V:: Electromagnetism (DSC - Compulsory) (w.e.f the academic year 2018-2019)

42 hrs (3 hrs / week)

Unit I : Electrostatics (11 hrs)

Electric Field:- Concept of electric field lines and electric flux, Gauss's law (Integral and differential forms), application to linear, plane and spherical charge distributions. Conservative nature of electric field 'E', Irrotational field. Electric potential:- Concept of electric potential, relation between electric potential and electric field, potential energy of a system of charges. Energy density in an electric field. Calculation of potential from electric field for a spherical charge distribution.

Unit II : Magnetostatics (12 hrs)

Concept of magnetic field 'B' and magnetic flux, Biot-Savart's law, B due to a straight current carrying conductor. Force on a point charge in a magnetic field. Properties of B, curl and divergence of B, solenoidal field. Integral form of Ampere's law, Applications of Ampere's law: field due to straight, circular and solenoidal currents. Energy stored in magnetic field. Magnetic energy in terms of current and inductance. Magnetic force between two current carrying conductors. Magnetic field intensity. Ballistic Galvanometer:- Torque on a current loop in a uniform magnetic field, working principle of B.G., current and charge sensitivity, electromagnetic damping, critical damping resistance.

Unit III: Electromagnetic Induction (9 hrs)

Faraday's laws of induction (differential and integral form), Lenz's law, self and mutual Induction. Continuity equation, modification of Ampere's law, displacement current, Maxwell equations

Unit IV : Electromagnetic waves (10 hrs)

Maxwell's equations in vacuum and dielectric medium, boundary conditions, plane wave equation: transverse nature of EM waves, velocity of light in vacuum and in medium, polarization, reflection and transmission. Polarization of EM waves, Brewster's angle, description of linear, circular and elliptical polarization.

Text Books

- 1. Fundamentals of electricity and magnetism By Arthur F. Kip (McGraw-Hill, 1968)
- 2. Electricity and magnetism by J.H.Fewkes& John Yarwood. Vol.I (Oxford Univ. Press, 1991).
- 3. Introduction to Electrodynamics, 3rd edition, by David J. Griffiths, (Benjamin Cummings, 1998).

Reference Books

- 1. Electricity and magnetism By Edward M. Purcell (McGraw-Hill Education, 1986)
- 2. Electricity and magnetism. By D C Tayal (Himalaya Publishing House, 1988)
- 3. Electromagnetics by Joseph A.Edminister 2nd ed.(New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill, 2006).

B.Sc. (Physics Practicals) – III year Semester - V Paper – V:: Electromagnetism Lab

PHYSICS LABORATORY

- 1. To verify the Thevenin Theorem
- 2. To verify Norton Theorem
- 3. To verify Superposition Theorem
- 4. To verify maximum power transfer theorem.
- 5. To determine a small resistance by Carey Foster's bridge.
- 6. To determine the (a) current sensitivity, (b) charge sensitivity, and (c) CDR of a B.G.
- 7. To determine high resistance by leakage method.
- 8. To determine the ratio of two capacitances by De Sauty's bridge.
- 9. To determine self-inductance of a coil by Anderson's bridge using AC.
- 10. To determine self-inductance of a coil by Rayleigh's method.
- 11. To determine coefficient of Mutual inductance by absolute method.

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed.

Maximum of 15 students per batch and maximum of three students per experiment should be allotted in the regular practical class of three hours per week.

Suggested Books for Reference:

- 1. B. L. Worsnop and H. T. Flint, Advanced Practical Physics, Asia Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. InduPrakash and Ramakrishna, A Text Book of Practical Physics, KitabMahal

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B.Sc. (Physics)- III Year Semester – V Paper – VI(A):: Solid State Physics (DSE – Elective-1) (w.e.f the academic year 2018-2019)

42 hrs (3 hrs / week)

Unit-I (11 hrs)

Crystal Structure: Solids: Amorphous and Crystalline Materials. Lattice Translation Vectors. Lattice with a Basis, Crystal systems, Bravais lattices, Unit Cell, Miller Indices. Types of Lattices, Reciprocal Lattice. Packing factors: SC, BCC, FCC, HCP, Brillouin Zones. Diffraction of X-rays by Crystals. Bragg's Law.

Elementary Lattice Dynamics: Lattice vibrations and phonons, Linear monoatomic and diatomic chains. Acoustical and optical phonons. Qualitative description of the phonon spectrum in solids. Dulong and Petit's Law, Einstein and Debye theories of specific heat of solids. T^3 law.

Unit-II (11 hrs)

Magnetic Properties of Matter: Dia-, Para-, Ferri- and Ferromagnetic Materials. Classical Langevin theory of dia- and paramagnetism. Curie's law, Weiss's theory of Ferromagnetism and Ferromagnetic Domains. Discussion of B-H Curve. Hysteresis and Energy Loss.

Dielectric Properties of Materials: Polarization. Local electric field at an atom. Depolarization field. Electric susceptibility. Polarizability. Clausius-Mosotti Equation. Classical theory of electric polarizability.

Unit-III (10 hrs)

Elementary band theory: Kronig Penny model. Band Gap. Brillouin zones, effective mass of electron. Classification of materials based on band theory: conductor, semiconductor and insulator. Conductivity of Semiconductor, mobility, Hall Effect. Measurement of conductivity (04 probe method) & Hall coefficient.

UNIT IV (10 hrs)

Lasers: Einstein's A and B coefficients. Metastable states. Spontaneous and Stimulated emissions. Optical Pumping and Population Inversion. Three-Level and Four-Level Lasers. Ruby Laser and He-Ne Laser.

Superconductivity: Introduction, Critical temperature, Critical magnetic field, Meissner effect, Type I and type II superconductors, London's equation and penetration depth, Isotope effect, concept of BCS theory

Text Books:

- 1. Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, 8th Edition, 2004, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 2nd Edition, 2006, Prentice-Hall of India
- 3. Solid State Physics, M.A. Wahab, 2011, Narosa Publications
- 4. Solid State Physics S. O. Pillai (New Age Publication)
- 5. LASERS: Fundamentals and Applications Thyagarajan and Ghatak (McMillanIndia)

Reference Books:

- 1. Solid-state Physics, H. Ibach and H. Luth, 2009, Springer
- 2. Elementary Solid State Physics, 1/e M. Ali Omar, 1999, Pearson India
- 3. Introduction to Solids, Leonid V. Azaroff, 2004, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- 4. Solid State Physics, N.W. Ashcroft and N.D. Mermin, 1976, Cengage Learning
- 5. Solid State Physics- R.K.Puri&V.K. Babbar (S.Chand Publication)2013
- 6. Lasers and Non linear Optics –B.B.Laud-Wiley Eastern.

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B.Sc. (Physics Practical) – III year Semester - V Paper: VI(A) Solid State Physics

- 1. Measurement of susceptibility of paramagnetic solution (Quinck's Tube Method)
- 2. To measure the Magnetic susceptibility of Solids (Guoy's method)
- 3. To determine the Coupling Coefficient of a Piezoelectric crystal.
- 4. To measure the Dielectric Constant of a dielectric Materials with frequency
- 5. To study the polarization-electric field (P-E) hysteresis loop of a Ferroelectric Crystal.
- 6. To draw the B-H curve of Fe using Solenoid & determine energy loss from Hysteresis.
- 7. To measure the resistivity of a semiconductor (Ge) with temperature by four-probe method (room temperature to 150°C) and to determine its band gap.
- 8. To determine the Hall coefficient of a semiconductor sample.
- 9. Calculation of d-values of a given Laue's pattern.
- 10. Calculation of d-values of power diffraction method.
- 12. To study the spectral characteristics of a Photo- Voltaic cell.
- 13. . Verification of Bragg's equation.

Reference Books:

- 1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- 2. Advanced level Physics Practical, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers.
- 3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash& Ramakrishna, 11th Ed., 2011, KitabMahal
- 4. Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 2nd Ed., 2006, Prentice-Hall of India

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed.

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B.Sc. (Physics)- III Year Semester – V Paper – VI(B):: Modern Optics (DSE – Elective-1) (w.e.f the academic year 2018-2019)

42 hrs (3 hrs / week)

Unit I (11 hrs)

Principles of Lasers: Emission and absorption of radiation – Einstein relations. - Pumping mechanisms – Optical feedback - Laser rate equations for two, three and four level lasers. Pumping threshold conditions – Properties of Laser beams. Classification of laser systems – Gas, Liquid and Solid Lasers: He-Ne, and Argon lasers, their energy level schemes – Ruby laser and Nd:YAG laser, Ga-As laser, and their applications in various fields.

Unit II (11 hrs)

Holography: Basic principles of holography- Recording of amplitude and phase- The recording medium-Reconstruction of original wave front- Image formation by wave front reconstruction- Gaber hologram-Limitations of Gaber hologram - Off axis hologram - Fourier transform holograms - Volume holograms, Applications of holograms.

Unit III (10 hrs)

Fourier and Non-Linear Optics: Fourier optics - Thin lens as phase transformation – Thickness function-Various types of lenses- Fourier transforming properties of lenses – Object placed in front of the lens-Object placed behind the lens.

Non-Linear Optics: Harmonic generation- second harmonic generation- phase matching condition-Optical mixing- Parametric generation of light – Self focusing of light.

Unit IV (10 hrs)

Optical Fibers: Fiber types and their structures. Ray optics representation, acceptance angle and numerical aperture. Step index and graded index fibers, single mode and multimode fibers. Fiber materials for glass fibers and plastic fibers. Signal attenuation in optical fibers: Absorption, scattering and bending losses in fibers, core and cladding losses. Material dispersion, wave guide dispersion, intermode distortion and pulse broadening.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Opto Electronics- An Introduction Wilson & JFB Hawkes 2nd Edition.
- 2. Introduction to Fourier optics J.W. Goodman
- 3. Lasers and Non-Linear optics B.B. Laud
- 4. Optical Electronics GhatakndThygaRajan.
- 5. Principles of Lasers O. Svelto
- 6. Optical Fiber Communications by Gerad Keiser
- 7. Optical Fiber Communications by John M. Senior (PHI)

B.Sc. (Physics Practical) – III year Semester – V Paper: VI(B): Modern Optics

- 1. Study of the profile of a laser beam.
- 2. Determination of the diameter of a thin wire using laser.
- 3. Determination of wavelength of He-Ne laser by transmission grating.
- 4. Construction and recording of a hologram.
- 5. Study of Fourier transforming properties of lenses.
- 6. Study of second harmonic generation by KDP crystal.
- 7. Measurement of numerical aperture of an optical fiber.
- 8. Measurement of coupling losses in optical fibers.
- 9. Measurement of bending losses in optical fibers.
- 10. Study of audio signal transmission through optical fibers.
- 11. To study the interference of light using optical fibers.

Reference Books:

- 1) Introduction to Fourier Optics J. Goodman
- 2) Optical Fiber Communications- John M. Senior
- 3) Principles of Lasers- O. Svelto
- 4) Modern Optics- Grant Fowles.
- 5) Principles of Optics Born & Wolf
- 6) Fundamentals of Optics- Jenkins & White

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed.

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B.Sc. (Physics)- III Year Semester – VI Paper – VII:: Modern Physics (DSC – Compulsory) (w.e.f the academic year 2018-2019)

42 hrs (3 hrs / week)

UNIT-I (11 hrs)

Atomic Spectra and Models - Inadequacy of classical physics:

Brief review of black body radiation, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect, dual nature of radiation, wave nature of particles. Atomic spectra, Line spectra of hydrogen atom, Ritz -Rydberg combination principle. Alpha particle scattering, Rutherford scattering formula, Rutherford model of atom and its limitations, Bohr's model of hydrogen atom, explanation of atomic spectra, correction for finite mass of the nucleus, Bohr correspondence principle, limitations of Bohr model, discrete energy exchange by atom, Frank Hertz experiment. Sommerfeld's modification of Bohr's theory.

UNIT-II (11 hrs)

Wave particle duality, de-Broglie hypothesis, Experimental confirmation of matter wave, Davisson-Germer experiment, velocity of de-Broglie wave, wave particle duality, Complementarity. Superposition of two waves, phase velocity and group velocity, wave packets, Gaussian wave packet, spatial distribution of wave packet, Localization of wave packet in time. Time development of a wave Packet; Heisenberg uncertainty Principle, Illustration of the principle through thought experiments of Gamma ray microscope and electron diffraction through a slit. Time-independent Schroedinger wave equation and its application to linear harmonic oscillator.

UNIT-III (9 hrs)

Nuclear physics: Size and structure of atomic nucleus and its relation with atomic weight; Impossibility of an electron being in the nucleus as a consequence of the uncertainty principle. Nature of nuclear force, NZ graph, Liquid-drop model: semi-empirical mass formula and binding energy, Nuclear shell model and magic numbers.

Unit IV(11 hrs)

Radioactivity: stability of the nucleus; Law of radioactive decay; Mean life and half-life; Alpha decay; Beta decay- energy released, spectrum and Pauli's prediction of neutrino; Gamma ray emission, energymomentum conservation: electron-positron pair creation by gamma photons in the vicinity of a nucleus. Fission and fusion - Mass defect, relativity and generation of energy; Fission - nature of fragments and emission of neutrons. Nuclear reactor: slow neutrons interacting with Uranium 235; Fusion and thermonuclear reactions driving stellar energy (brief qualitative discussion).

Text Books:

- 1. Introduction to Atomic spectra H. E. White, McGraw-Hill
- 2. Nuclear Physics D. C. Tayal, Himalaya Publishing House
- 3. Quantum Theory and Nuclear Physics V. K. Srivastava, ABD Publisher, Jaipur
- 4. Concepts of Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, 2002, McGraw-Hill.
- 5. Modern Physics --- Murugesan and Sivaprasad –(S. Chand Higher Academics)

- 6. Introduction to Modern Physics, Rich Meyer, Kennard, Coop, 2002, Tata McGraw Hill
- 7. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, David J. Griffith, 2005, Pearson Education.
- 8. Physics for scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics, Jewett and Serway, 2010, Cengage Learning.
- 9. Quantum Mechanics: Theory & Applications, A. K. Ghatak & S. Lokanathan, 2004, Macmillan

Reference Books

- 1. Modern Physics Bernstein, Fishbane and Gasiorowicz (Pearson India) 2010
- 2. Quantum Physics of Atoms, Molecules, Solids, Nuclei and Particles -- R. Eisberg (Wiley India) 2012 Additional Books for Reference
- 3. Modern Physics, J.R. Taylor, C.D. Zafiratos, M.A. Dubson, 2004, PHI Learning.
- 4. Basic ideas and concepts in Nuclear Physics, K.Heyde, 3rd Edn., Institute of Physics Pub.
- 5. Six Ideas that Shaped Physics: Particle Behave like Waves, T.A.Moore, 2003, McGraw Hill
- 6. Modern Physics-Serway (CENGAGE Learnings) 2014

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B.Sc. (Physics Practical) – III year Semester – VI Paper: VII: Modern Physics

- 1. Measurement of Planck's constant using black body radiation and photo-detector
- 2. Photo-electric effect: photo current versus intensity and wavelength of light; maximum energy of photo-electrons versus frequency of light
- 3. To determine the Planck's constant using LEDs of at least 4 different colors.
- 4. To determine the ionization potential of mercury.
- 5. To determine the absorption lines in the rotational spectrum of Iodine vapour.
- 6. To determine the value of e/m by (a) Magnetic focusing or (b) Bar magnet.
- 7. To setup the Millikan oil drop apparatus and determine the charge of an electron.
- 8. To show the tunneling effect in tunnel diode using I-V characteristics.
- 9. To determine the wavelength of laser source using diffraction of single slit.
- 10. To determine the wavelength of laser source using diffraction of double slits.
- 11. To determine (1) wavelength and (2) angular spread of He-Ne laser using plane diffraction grating
- 12. To determine the value of e/m for electron by long solenoid method.
- 13. Photo Cell Determination of Planck's constant.
- 14. To verify the inverse square law of radiation using a photo-electric cell.
- 15. To find the value of photo electric work function of a material of the cathode using a photoelectric cell.
- 16. Measurement of magnetic field Hall probe method.
- 17. To determine the dead time of a given G.M. tube using double source.
- 18. Hydrogen spectrum Determination of Rydberg's constant
- 19. Energy gap of intrinsic semi-conductor
- 20. G. M. Counter Absorption coefficients of a material.
- 21. To draw the plateau curve for a Geiger Muller counter.
- 22. To find the half-life period of a given radioactive substance using a G.M. Counter.

Reference Books:

- 1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
- 2. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- 3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, I. Prakash& Ramakrishna, 11th Edn, 2011, Kitab Mahal

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed.

B.Sc. (Physics)- III Year Semester – VI Paper – VIII(A):: Basic Electronics (DSC – Elective-2) (w.e.f the academic year 2018-2019)

42 hrs (3 hrs / week)

Unit-I: (10 Hrs)

Network Elements and Network Theorems

Passive elements, Power sources, Active elements, Network models: T and π Transformations, Superposition theorem, Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem. Reciprocity theorem and Maximum power transfer theorem (Simple problems).

Two-port Networks – Introduction - Z-parameters, Y-parameters, h-parameters and ABCD-parameters (Simple problems).

Unit – II: (10 Hrs)

Band theory of P-N junction

1. Energy band in solids (band theory), valence band, conduction band and forbidden energy gap in solids, insulators, semi conductors and pure or intrinsic semiconductors and impure or extrinsic semi-conductors. N-type semi-conductors, P-type semi-conductors, Fermi level, continuity equation.

2. Diodes: P-N junction diode, Half-wave, full-wave and bridge rectifier. Zener diode & its characteristics. Zener diode as voltage regulator.

Unit-III: (11 Hrs)

1. Bipolar Junction Transistor (**BJT**) – p-n-p and n-p-n transistors, current components in transistors, CB, CE and CC configurations – transistor as an amplifier – RC coupled amplifier – Frequency response (Qualitative analysis).

2. Feedback concept & Oscillators: Feedback, General theory of feedback – Concepts of oscillators, Barkhausen's criteria, Phase shift oscillator – Expression for frequency of oscillation.

Unit-IV: (11 Hrs)

1. Digital Electronics

Binary number system, convertion of binary to decimal and vice-versa. Binary addition and subtraction (1's and 2's complement methods). Hexadecimal number system. Conversion from binary to hexadecimal and vice-versa, Decimal to hexadecimal and vice-versa.

2. Logic gates:

OR, AND, NOT gates, truth tables, realization of these gates using discrete components. NAND, NOR as universal gates, Exclusive – OR gate (EX-OR). De Morgan's Laws – Statement and proof.

NOTE: Problems should be solved from every chapter of all units.

Textbooks

- 1. Electronic devices and circuits Millman and Halkias. Mc. Graw-Hill Education.
- 2. Principles of Electronics by V.K. Mehta S. Chand & Co.
- 3. Basic Electronics (Solid state) B. L. Theraja, S. Chand & Co.
- 4. A First Course in Electronics- Anwar A. Khan&Kanchan K. Dey, PHI.

Reference Books

- 1. Basic Electronics BernodGrob.
- 2. Third year Electronics Telugu Academy
- 3. Digital Principles & Applications A.P. Malvino and D.P. Leach
- 4. Circuit theory- Umesh.

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B.Sc. (Physics Practical) – III year Semester – VI Paper: VIII(A): Basic Electronics

- 1. AND, OR, NOT, gates Truth table Verification
- 2. AND, OR, NOT gates constructions using universal gates Verification of truth tables.
- 3. NAND and NOR gates truth table verification
- 4. Characteristics of a Transistor in CE configuration
- 5. R.C. coupled amplifier frequency response.
- 6. Verification of De Morgan's Theorem.
- 7. Zener diode V-I characteristics.
- 8. P-n junction diode V- I characteristics.
- 9. Zener diode as a voltage regulator
- 10. Construction of a model D.C. power supply
- 11. R C phase shift Oscillator -determination of output frequency
- Every student should complete minimum 06 experiments.

Text Books for LAB (Practical 6)

- 1. B.Sc. Practical Physics C. L. Arora S. Chand & Co.
- 2. Viva-voce in Physics R.C. Gupta, PragathiPrakashan, Meerut.
- 3. Laboratory manual for Physics Course by B.P. Khandelwal.
- 4. Practical Physics by M. Arul Thakpathi by Comptex Publishers.
- 5. B.Sc. practical physics Subbi Reddy.

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed.

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B.Sc. (Physics)- III Year Semester – VI Paper – VIII(B):: Physics of Semiconductor Devices (DSE – Elective-2) (w.e.f the academic year 2018-2019)

42 hrs (3 hrs / week)

Unit-I: (11 hrs)

Semiconductor Physics: Conductors, semiconductors, forbidden gap, energy levels, crystals and covalent bonds, free electrons and holes, recombination and life-time, energy bands. Intrinsic semiconductor - intrinsic carrier concentration, density of electrons in conduction band, Fermi-level, Mass action law. Carrier transport phenomena - mobility, resistivity, diffusivity, Einstein's relation, current density equation. Extrinsic semiconductor - n-type semiconductor, p-type semiconductor, energy band diagram of extrinsic semiconductor. Hall effect- mobility and Hall angle, experiment arrangement for the study of Hall effect, significance of Hall effect.

Unit – II: (11 hrs)

P-N junction - Depletion layer, Energy level diagram of p-n junction, Band structure of an open circuited p-n junction, Biasing of p-n junction, effect of barrier potential on forward bias, reverse leakage current, reverse breakdown, p-n junction under various conditions - thermal equilibrium, forward and reverse bias, current-voltage characteristics. Derivation of ideal diode equation of p-n junction, diode model and its approximations. Forward and reverse resistance of diode. Dynamic characteristic of diode.

Unit-III: (10 hrs)

Special diodes – Construction and characteristics of Zener diode, Light emitting diode (LED), Photodiode, Schottky diode, Backward diodes and Tunnel diode.

Transistors - Bipolar junction transistor (BJT), transistor characteristics, transistor equation in active region, Field effect transistor (FET), MOSFET and photo transistor.

Unit-IV: (10 hrs)

Control devices- Shockley diode, Silicon controlled rectifier (SCR), Silicon controlled switch (SCS), Unijunction transistor (UJT), Solar cells, Opto-couplers.

Textbooks

- 1. A First Course in Electronics- Anwar A. Khan&Kanchan K. Dey, PHI
- 2. Physics of Semiconductor Devices- S. M. Sze
- 3. Physics of Semiconductors- Streetman.

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B.Sc. (Physics Practical) – III year Semester – VI Paper: VIII(B): Physics of Semiconductor Devices

- 1. Characteristics of a Transistor in CE configuration
- 2. Zener diode V-I characteristics.
- 3. P-n junction diode V- I characteristics.
- 4. Zener diode as a voltage regulator
- 5. Determination of carrier concentration using Hall effect
- 6. Thermistor characteristics
- 7. Efficiency of a LED
- 8. Solar cell: fill factor and efficiency
- 9. FET characteristics
- 10. SCR characteristics
- 11. UJT characteristics
 - Every student should complete minimum 06 experiments.

Text Books:

- 1. Basic electronics Grob
- 2. Practical Electronics Zbar

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KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY, WARANGAL **B.Sc. (PHYSICS)** SCHEME FOR CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM YEAR- & SEMESTER-WISE SCHEME OF HPW, CREDITS & MARKS

Yr	SEM	Course/Paper	Course Type*	Hrs / Week	No. of Credits	Marks		
						Internal	SEM End	Total
F I R S T	т	Mechanics & Oscillations	DSC-1	4	4	20	80	100
	Ι	Mechanics & Oscillations Lab (Pr)	DSC-1(Pr)	3	1	-	25	25
	П	Thermal Physics	DSC-2	4	4	20	80	100
	11	Thermal Physics Lab (Pr)	DSC-2(Pr)	3	1	-	25	25
S E C		Electromagnetic Theory	DSC-3	4	4	20	80	100
	ш	Electromagnetic Theory Lab (Pr)	DSC-3(Pr)	3	1	-	25	25
		 Experimental methods & Error analysis Electrical circuits & Networking 	SEC-1 SEC-2	2 2	2 2	10 10	40 40	50 50
O N		Waves & Optics	DSC-4	4	4	20	80	100
D	IV	Waves & Optics Lab (Pr)	DSC-4(Pr)	3	1	-	25	25
		 Basic Instrumentation Digital Electronics 	SEC-3 SEC-4	2 2	2 2	10 10	40 40	50 50
T H I D	V	(A) Modern PhysicsOr(B) Computational Physics	DSE-1	4	4	20	80	100
		 (A) Modern Physics Lab (Pr) Or (B) Computational Physics Lab (Pr) 	DSE-1 (Pr)	3	1	-	25	25
		Renewable energy & Energy harvesting	GE	4	4	20	80	100
	VI	(A) ElectronicsOr(B) Applied Optics	DSE-2	4	4	20	80	100
		 (A) Electronics Lab (Pr) Or (B) Applied Optics Lab (Pr) 	DSE-2 (Pr)	3	1	-	25	25
		Nanoscience	Project / Course in lieu of project	4	4	20	80	100
	Total				30 + 16	120+80	630+320	750 + 400

SEC: Skill Enhancement Course;

*DSC: Discipline Specific Course (Core); DSE: Discipline Specific Elective (Elective); Pr: Practical GE: Generic Elective

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Mrs. G. Manjula, Chairperson, BoS

(24th Aug., 2020)

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B.Sc. (Physics)- I Year Semester – I Paper – I::Mechanics and Oscillations (DSC-1: Compulsory)

Total: 56 hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit – I

1. Vector Analysis (14)

Scalar and Vector fields, Gradient of a Scalar field and its physical significance. Divergence and Curl of a Vector field and related problems. Vector integration, line, surface and volume integrals. Stokes', Gauss's and Green's theorems- simple applications.

Unit – II

2. Mechanics of Particles (7)

Laws of motion, motion of variable mass system, motion of a rocket, multi-stage rocket, conservation of energy and momentum. Collisions in two and three dimensions, concept of impact parameter, scattering cross-section.

3. Mechanics of Rigid Bodies (7)

Definition of Rigid body, rotational kinematic relations, equation of motion for a rotating body, angular momentum and inertial tensor. Euler's equation, precession of a top, Gyroscope.

Unit – III

4. Central Forces (8)

Central forces – definition and examples, conservative nature of central forces, conservative force as a negative gradient of potential energy, equation of motion under a central force, gravitational potential and gravitational field, motion under inverse square law, derivation of Kepler's laws.

5. Special theory of Relativity (8)

Galilean relativity, absolute frames, Michelson-Morley experiment, Postulates of special theory of relativity. Lorentz transformation, time dilation, length contraction, addition of velocities, mass-energy relation. Concept of four vector formalism.

Unit – IV

6. Oscillations (12)

Simple harmonic oscillator and solution of the differential equation – Physical characteristics of SHM, Torsion pendulum – Measurement of rigidity modulus, Compound pendulum – Measurement of 'g', combination of two mutually perpendicular simple harmonic vibrations of same frequency and different frequencies, Lissajous figures.

Damped harmonic oscillator, Solution of the differential equation of damped oscillator. Energy considerations, Logarithmic decrement, relaxation time, quality factor, differential equation of forced oscillator and its solution, amplitude resonance, velocity resonance.

Note: Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units. **Suggested Books**

1. Berkeley Physics Course. Vol.1, **Mechanics** by C. Kittel, W. Knight, M.A. Ruderman - *Tata-McGraw hill Company Edition 2008*.

(24th Aug., 2020)

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Mrs. G. Manjula, Chairperson, BoS



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- 2. Fundamentals of Physics. Halliday/Resnick/Walker Wiley India Edition 2007.
- 3. First Year Physics Telugu Academy.
- 4. Introduction to Physics for Scientists and Engineers. F.J. Ruche. McGraw Hill.
- 5. Fundamentals of Physics by Alan Giambattista et al *Tata-McGraw Hill Company* Edition, 2008.
- 6. University Physics by Young and Freeman, Pearson Education, Edition 2005.
- 7. Sears and Zemansky's University Physics by Hugh D. Young, Roger A. Freedman *Pearson Education Eleventh Edition*.
- 8. An introduction to Mechanics by Daniel Kleppner & Robert Kolenkow. *The McGraw Hill Companies*.
- 9. Mechanics. Hans & Puri. TMH Publications.
- 10. Engineering Physics. R.K. Gaur & S.L. Gupta. Dhanpat Rai Publications.
- **11. The Feynman Lectures in Physics, Vol.-1**, R P Feynman, RB Lighton and M Sands, BI Publications,
- 12. Mechanics-P.K. Srivastava New Age International.

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Mrs. G. Manjula, Chairperson, BoS



B.Sc. (Physics) – I year Semester - I Paper – I:: Mechanics and Oscillations Practicals (DSC-1: Compulsory)

- 1. Measurement of errors Simple Pendulum.
- 2. Calculation of slope and intercept of Y = mX + C graph by theoretical method (simple pendulum experiment)
- 3. Study of a compound pendulum- determination of 'g' and 'k'.
- 4. Y' by uniform Bending
- 5. Y by Non-uniform Bending.
- 6. Moment of Inertia of a fly wheel.
- 7. Rigidity modulus by Torsion Pendulum.
- 8. Determination of surface tension of a liquid through capillary rise method.
- 9. Determination of Surface Tension of a liquid by any other method.
- 10. Determination of Viscosity of a fluid.
- 11. Observation of Lissajous figures from CRO- Frequency ratio. Amplitude and phase difference of two waves.
- 12. Study of oscillations of a mass under different combination of springs- Series and parallel
- 13. Study of Oscillations under Bifilar suspension- Verification of axis theorems

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed. Maximum of 15 students per batch and maximum of three students per experiment should be allotted in the regular practical class of three hours per week.

(24th Aug., 2020)

Suggested Books

- 1. D.P. Khandelwal, "A laboratory manual for undergraduate classes" (Vani Publishing House, New Delhi).
- 2. S.P. Singh, "Advanced Practical Physics" (Pragati Prakashan, Meerut).
- 3. Worsnop and Flint- Advanced Practical physics for students.
- 4. "Practical Physics" R.K Shukla, Anchal Srivastava.

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Mrs. G. Manjula, Chairperson, BoS

B.Sc. (Physics)- I Year Semester – II Paper – II:: Thermal Physics (DSC-2: Compulsory)

Total: 56 hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit – I

1. Kinetic theory of gases: (6)

Introduction – Deduction of Maxwell's law of distribution of molecular speeds, Transport Phenomena – Viscosity of gases – thermal conductivity – diffusion of gases.

2. Thermodynamics: (8)

Basics of Thermodynamics - Carnot's engine (qualitative) - Carnot's theorem - Kelvin's and Clausius statements – Thermodynamic scale of temperature – Entropy, physical significance – Change in entropy in reversible and irreversible processes – Entropy and disorder – Entropy of universe – Temperature- Entropy (T-S) diagram – Change of entropy of a perfect gas-change of entropy when ice changes into steam.

Unit – II

3. Thermodynamic potentials and Maxwell's equations: (7)

Thermodynamic potentials – Derivation of Maxwell's thermodynamic relations – Clausius-Clayperon's equation – Derivation for ratio of specific heats – Derivation for difference of two specific heats for perfect gas. Joule Kelvin effect – expression for Joule Kelvin coefficient for perfect and Vanderwaal's gas.

4. Low temperature Physics: (7)

Joule Kelvin effect – liquefaction of gas using porous plug experiment. Joule expansion – Distinction between adiabatic and Joule Thomson expansion – Expression for Joule Thomson cooling – Liquefaction of helium, Kapitza's method – Adiabatic demagnetization – Production of low temperatures – Principle of refrigeration, vapour compression type.

Unit – III

5. Quantum theory of radiation: (14)

Black body-Ferry's black body – distribution of energy in the spectrum of Black body – Wein's displacement law, Wein's law, Rayleigh-Jean's law – Quantum theory of radiation - Planck's law – deduction of Wein's law, Rayleigh-Jeans law, Stefan's law from Planck's law.Measurement of radiation using pyrometers – Disappearing filament optical pyrometer – experimental determination – Angstrom pyroheliometer - determination of solar constant, effective temperature of sun.

Unit – IV

6. Statistical Mechanics: (14)

Introduction, postulates of statistical mechanics. Phase space, concept of ensembles and some known ensembles ,classical and quantum statistics and their differences, concept of probability, Maxwell-Boltzmann's distribution law -Molecular energies in an ideal gas- Maxwell-Boltzmann's velocity distribution law, Bose-Einstein Distribution law, Fermi-Dirac Distribution law, comparison of three distribution laws.

NOTE: Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units.

Suggested books

- 1. Fundamentals of Physics. Halliday/Resnick/Walker.C. Wiley India Edition 2007.
- 2. Second Year Physics Telugu Academy.

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- 3. **Modern Physics** by R. Murugeshan and Kiruthiga Siva Prasath (for statistical Mechanics) *S. Chand* & *Co.*
- 4. Modern Physics by G. Aruldhas and P. Rajagopal, *Eastern Economy Education*.
- 5. Berkeley Physics Course. Volume-5. Statistical Physics by F. Reif. The McGraw-Hill Companies.
- 6. An Introduction to Thermal Physics by Daniel V. Schroeder. *Pearson Education Low Price Edition*.
- 7. Thermodynamics by R.C. Srivastava, Subit K. Saha& Abhay K. Jain Eastern Economy Edition.
- 8. Modern Engineering Physics by A.S. Vasudeva. S. Chand& Co. Publications.
- 9. Feyman's Lectures on Physics Vol. 1,2,3 & 4. Narosa Publications.
- 10. Fundamentals of Optics by Jenkins A. Francis and White E. Harvey, McGraw Hill Inc.
- 12. B.B. Laud "Introduction to statistics Mechanics" (Macmillan 1981)
- 13. F.Reif:"Statistical Physics "(Mcgraw-Hill, 1998)
- 14.K.Haung: "Statistical Physics "(Wiley Eastern 1988)

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B.Sc. (Physics) – I year Semester - II Paper – II:: Thermal Physics Practicals (DSC-2: Compulsory)

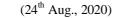
- 1. Co-efficient of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee's method.
- 2. Measurement of Stefan's constant.
- 3. Specific heat of a liquid by applying Newton's law of cooling correction.
- 4. Heating efficiency of electrical kettle with varying voltages.
- 5. Calibration of thermo couple
- 6. Cooling Curve of a metallic body
- 7. Resistance thermometer
- 8. Thermal expansion of solids
- 9. Study of conversion of mechanical energy to heat.
- 10. Determine the Specific of a solid (graphite rod)

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed. Maximum of 15 students per batch and maximum of three students per experiment should be allotted in the regular practical class of three hours per week.

Suggested Books

- 1. D.P. Khandelwal, "A laboratory manual for undergraduate classes" (Vani Publishing House, New Delhi).
- 2. S.P. Singh, "Advanced Practical Physics" (Pragati Prakashan, Meerut).
- 3. Worsnop and Flint- Advanced Practical physics for students.
- 4. "Practical Physics" R.K Shukla, Anchal Srivastava

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B.Sc. (Physics)- II Year Semester – III Paper – III:: Electromagnetic Theory (DSC-3: Compulsory)

Total: 56 hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit I : Electrostatics (14 Hrs)

Electric Field:- Concept of electric field lines and electric flux, Gauss's law (Integral and differential forms), application to linear, plane and spherical charge distributions. Conservative nature of electric field 'E', Irrotational field. Electric potential:- Concept of electric potential, relation between electric potential and electric field, potential energy of a system of charges. Energy density in an electric field. Calculation of potential from electric field for a spherical charge distribution.

Unit II : Magnetostatics (14 Hrs)

Concept of magnetic field 'B' and magnetic flux, Biot-Savart's law, B due to a straight current carrying conductor. Force on a point charge in a magnetic field. Properties of B, curl and divergence of B, solenoidal field. Integral form of Ampere's law, Applications of Ampere's law: field due to straight, circular and solenoidal currents. Energy stored in magnetic field. Magnetic energy in terms of current and inductance. Magnetic force between two current carrying conductors. Magnetic field intensity. Ballistic Galvanometer:- Torque on a current loop in a uniform magnetic field, working principle of B.G., current and charge sensitivity, electromagnetic damping, critical damping resistance.

Unit III: Electromagnetic Induction and Electromagnetic waves (14)

Faraday's laws of induction (differential and integral form), Lenz's law, self and mutual Induction. Continuity equation, modification of Ampere's law, displacement current, Maxwell equations.Maxwell's equations in vacuum and dielectric medium, boundary conditions, plane wave equation: transverse nature of EM waves, velocity of light in vacuum and in medium. Poynting's theorem.

UNIT IV:

Varying and alternating currents (7 Hrs)

GrowthanddecayofcurrentsinLR,CRandLCRcircuits-Critical damping. Alternating current, relation between current andvoltage in pure R, C and L-vector diagrams - Power in ac circuits. LCR seriesandparallelresonantcircuit-Q-factor.AC&DCmotors-single phase, three phase (basicsonly).

Network Theorems (7 Hrs)

Passive elements, Power sources, Active elements, Network models: T and π Transformations, Superposition theorem, Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem. Reciprocity theorem and Maximum power transfer theorem (Simple problems).

Suggested Books:

- 1. Fundamentals of electricity and magnetism By Arthur F. Kip (McGraw-Hill, 1968)
- 2. Electricity and magnetism by J.H.Fewkes& John Yarwood. Vol.I (Oxford Univ. Press, 1991).
- 3. Introduction to Electrodynamics, 3rd edition, by David J. Griffiths, (Benjamin Cummings, 1998).
- 4. Electricity and magnetism By Edward M. Purcell (McGraw-Hill Education, 1986)
- 5. Electricity and magnetism. By D C Tayal (Himalaya Publishing House, 1988)
- 6. Electromagnetics by Joseph A.Edminister 2nd ed.(New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill, 2006).

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B.Sc. (Physics) – II year Semester - III Paper – III:: Electromagnetic Theory Practicals (DSC-3: Compulsory)

- 1. To verify the Thevenin Theorem
- 2. To verify Norton Theorem
- 3. To verify Superposition Theorem
- 4. To verify maximum power transfer theorem.
- 5. To determine a small resistance by Carey Foster's bridge.
- 6. To determine the (a) current sensitivity, (b) charge sensitivity, and (c) CDR of a B.G.
- 7. To determine high resistance by leakage method.
- 8. To determine the ratio of two capacitances by De Sauty's bridge.
- 9. To determine self-inductance of a coil by Anderson's bridge using AC.
- 10. To determine self-inductance of a coil by Rayleigh's method.
- 11. To determine coefficient of Mutual inductance by absolute method.

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed.

Maximum of 15 students per batch and maximum of three students per experiment should be allotted in the regular practical class of three hours per week.

Suggested Books:

- 1. B. L. Worsnop and H. T. Flint, Advanced Practical Physics, Asia Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. InduPrakash and Ramakrishna, A Text Book of Practical Physics, KitabMahal

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B.Sc. (Physics) - II Year Semester – IV Paper – IV:: Waves and Optics (DSC-4: Compulsory)

> Total: 56 Hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit-I: Waves (14 Hrs)

Fundamentals of Waves -Transverse wave propagation along a stretched string, general solution of wave equation and its significance, modes of vibration of stretched string clamped at ends, overtones, energy transport, transverse impedance.

Longitudinal vibrations in bars- wave equation and its general solution. Special cases (i) bar fixed at both ends ii) bar fixed at the midpoint iii) bar free at both ends iv) bar fixed at one end. Transverse vibrations in a bar- wave equation and its general solution. Boundary conditions, clamped free bar, free-free bar, bar supported at both ends, Tuningfork.

Unit II: Interference: (14 Hrs)

Principle of superposition – coherence – temporal coherence and spatial coherence – conditions for Interference of light.

Interference by division of wave front: Fresnel's biprism – determination of wave length of light. Determination of thickness of a transparent material using Biprism – change of phase on reflection – Lloyd's mirror experiment.

Interference by division of amplitude: Oblique incidence of a plane wave on a thin film due to reflected and transmitted light (Cosine law) – Colours of thin films – Non-reflecting films – interference by a plane parallel film illuminated by a point source – Interference by a film with two non-parallel reflecting surfaces (Wedge shaped film) – Determination of diameter of wire-Newton's rings in reflected light with and without contact between lens and glass plate, Newton's rings in transmitted light (Haidinger Fringes) – Determination of wave length of monochromatic light – Michelson Interferometer – types of fringes – Determination of wavelength of monochromatic light, Difference in wavelength of sodium D_1, D_2 lines and thickness of a thin transparent plate.

Unit III: Diffraction: (14 Hrs)

Introduction – Distinction between Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction, Fraunhofer diffraction:- Diffraction due to single slit and circular aperture – Limit of resolution – Fraunhofer diffraction due to double slit – Fraunhofer diffraction pattern with N slits (diffraction grating).

Resolving Power of grating – Determination of wave length of light in normal and oblique incidence methods using diffraction grating.

Fresnel diffraction-Fresnel's half period zones – area of the half period zones –zone plate – Comparison of zone plate with convex lens – Phase reversal zone plate – diffraction at a straight edge – difference between interference and diffraction.

Unit IV: Polarization (14 Hrs)

Polarized light : Methods of Polarization, Polarization by reflection, refraction, Double refraction, selective absorption , scattering of light – Brewster's law – Malus law – Nicol prism polarizer and analyzer – Refraction of plane wave incident on negative and positive crystals (Huygen's explanation) – Quarter wave plate, Half wave plate – Babinet's compensator – Optical activity, analysis of light by Laurent's half shade polarimeter.

NOTE: Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units.

Suggested books

1. **Optics** by AjoyGhatak. *The McGraw-Hill companies*.

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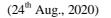
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- 2. **Optics** by Subramaniyam and Brijlal. S. Chand & Co.
- 3. Fundamentals of Physics. Halliday/Resnick/Walker.C. Wiley India Edition 2007.
- 4. Optics and Spectroscopy. R. Murugeshan and Kiruthiga Siva Prasath. S. Chand & Co.
- 5. Second Year Physics Telugu Academy.
- 6. Modern Engineering Physics by A.S. Vasudeva. S. Chand& Co. Publications.
- 7. Feyman's Lectures on Physics Vol. 1,2,3 & 4. Narosa Publications.
- 8. Fundamentals of Optics by Jenkins A. Francis and White E. Harvey, McGraw Hill Inc.
- 9. K. Ghatak, Physical Optics'
- 10. D.P. Khandelwal, Optical and Atomic Physics' (Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1988)
- 11. Jenkins and White: 'Fundamental of Optics' (McGraw-Hill)
- 12. Smith and Thomson: 'Optics' (John Wiley and sons).

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B.Sc. (Physics) – II year Semester - IV Paper – IV:: Waves and Optics Practicals (DSC-4: Compulsory)

- 1. Thickness of a wire using wedge method.
- 2. Determination of wavelength of light using Biprism.
- 3. Determination of Radius of curvature of a given convex lens by forming Newton's rings.
- 4. Resolving power of grating.
- 5. Study of optical rotation-polarimeter.
- 6. Dispersive power of a prism
- 7. Determination of wavelength of light using diffraction grating minimum deviation method.
- 8. Wavelength of light using diffraction grating normal incidence method.
- 9. Resolving power of a telescope.
- 10. Refractive index of a liquid and glass (Boys Method).
- 11. Pulfrich refractometer determination of refractive index of liquid.
- 12. Wavelength of Laser light using diffraction grating.
- 13. Verification of Laws of a stretched string (Three Laws).
- 14. Velocity of Transverse wave along a stretched string
- 15. Determination of frequency of a bar- Melde"s experiment

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed Maximum of 15 students per batch and maximum of three students per experiment should be allotted in the regular practical class of three hours per week.

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Suggested Books

- 1. D.P. Khandelwal, "A laboratory manual for undergraduate classes" (Vani Publishing House, New Delhi).
- 2. S.P. Singh, "Advanced Practical Physics" (Pragati Prakashan, Meerut).
- 3. Worsnop and Flint- Advanced Practical physics for students.
- 4. "Practical Physics" R.K Shukla, Anchal Srivastav.

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B.Sc. (Physics)- III Year Semester – V Paper – V:: (A) Modern Physics (DSE-1: Elective)

Total : 56 Hrs (4 Hrs / week)

UNIT - 1 : SPECTROSCOPY (14 Hrs)

Atomic Spectra:Introduction - Drawbacks of Bohr's atomic model - Sommerfeld's elliptical orbits - relativistic correction (no derivation). Stern & Gerlach experiment, Vector atom model and quantum numbers associated with it. L-S and j-j coupling schemes. Spectral terms, selectionrules,intensityrules-spectraofalkaliatoms,doubletfine structure, Zeeman Effect, Paschen-Back Effect and Stark Effect (basicidea).

Molecular Spectroscopy:Types of molecular spectra, pure rotational energies and spectrum of diatomic molecule. Determination of inter nuclear distance.Vibrational energies and spectrum of diatomic molecule. Raman effect,classicaltheoryofRamaneffect.Experimentalarrangement for Raman effect and itsapplications.

UNIT – II :Quantum Mechanics (14 Hrs)

Inadequacy of classical Physics: Spectral radiation - Planck's law (only discussion). Photoelectric effect - Einstien's photoelectric equation. Compton's effect - experimental verification.

Matter waves & Uncertainty principle: de Broglie's hypothesis - wavelength of matter waves, properties of matter waves. Phase and group velocities. Davisson and Germer experiment. Double slit experiment. Standing de Brogile waves of electron in Bohr orbits.Heisenberg's uncertainty principle for position and momentum (x and p_x), Energy and time (E and t). Gamma ray microscope. Diffraction

by a single slit. Position of electron in a Bohr orbit. Complementary principle ofBohr.

Schrodinger Wave Equation

Schrodinger time independent and time dependent wave equations. Wave function properties - Significance. Basic postulates of quantum mechanics. Operators, eigen functions and eigen values, expectation values.

Unit - III : Nuclear Physics (14 Hrs)

Nuclear Structure: Basic properties of nucleus - size, charge, mass, spin, magnetic dipole moment and electric quadrupole moment. Binding energy of nucleus, deuteron binding energy, p-p, n-n, and n-p scattering (concepts), nuclear forces. Nuclear models - liquid drop model, shellmodel.

Alpha and Beta Decays: Range of alpha particles, Geiger - Nuttallaw. Gammow's theory of alpha decay. Geiger - Nuttallaw from Gammow's theory. Beta spectrum - neutrino hypothesis,

Particle Detectors: GM counter, proportional counter, scintillation counter.

UNIT:IV:Solid State Physics & Crystalography (14 Hrs)

Crystal Structure: Crystalline nature of matter, Crystal lattice, Unit Cell, Elements of symmetry. Crystal systems, Bravais lattices. Miller indices. Simple crystal structures (S.C., BCC, FCC, CsCl, NaCl, diamond and ZincBlende)

X-ray Diffraction: Diffraction of X -rays by crystals, Bragg's law, Experimental techniques - Laue's method and powder method.

Bonding in Crystals: Types of bonding in crystals - characteristics of crystals with different bondings. Lattice energy of ionic crystals- determination of Madelung constant for NaCl crystal, Calculation of Born Coefficient and repulsive exponent. Born-Haber cycle.

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Suggested books:

- 1. Modern Physics by G. Aruldhas&P.Rajagopal.Eastern Economy Edition.
- 2. Concepts of Modern Physics by ArthurBeiser.Tata McGraw-Hill Edition.
- 3. Modern Physics by R. Murugeshan and Kiruthiga SivaPrasath.S. Chand & Co.
- 4. Nuclear Physics by D.C. Tayal, Himalaya PublishingHouse.
- 5. Molecular Structure and Spectroscopy by G.Aruldhas.Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 6. Spectroscopy Atomic and Molecular by Gurdeep R Chatwal and Shyam Anand Himalaya PublishingHouse.
- 7. Third Year Physics TeluguAcademy.
- 8. Elements of Solid State Physics by J.P. Srivastava. (for chapter on nanomaterials)-Prentice-hall of India Pvt.Ltd.

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B.Sc. (Physics) – III year Semester – V Paper: V: (A) Modern Physics Practicals (DSE-1: Elective)

- 1. Measurement of Planck's constant using black body radiation and photo-detector
- 2. Photo-electric effect: photo current versus intensity and wavelength of light; maximum energy of photo-electrons versus frequency of light
- 3. To determine the Planck's constant using LEDs of at least 4 different colors.
- 4. To determine the ionization potential of mercury.
- 5. To determine the absorption lines in the rotational spectrum of Iodine vapour.
- 6. To determine the value of e/m by (a) Magnetic focusing or (b) Bar magnet.
- 7. To setup the Millikan oil drop apparatus and determine the charge of an electron.
- 8. To show the tunneling effect in tunnel diode using I-V characteristics.
- 9. To determine the wavelength of laser source using diffraction of single slit.
- 10. To determine the wavelength of laser source using diffraction of double slits.
- 11. To determine (1) wavelength and (2) angular spread of He-Ne laser using plane diffraction grating
- 12. To determine the value of e/m for electron by long solenoid method.
- 13. Photo Cell Determination of Planck's constant.
- 14. To verify the inverse square law of radiation using a photo-electric cell.
- 15. To find the value of photo electric work function of a material of the cathode using a photoelectric cell.
- 16. Measurement of magnetic field Hall probe method.
- 17. To determine the dead time of a given G.M. tube using double source.
- 18. Hydrogen spectrum Determination of Rydberg's constant
- 19. Energy gap of intrinsic semi-conductor
- 20. G. M. Counter Absorption coefficients of a material.
- 21. To draw the plateau curve for a Geiger Muller counter.
- 22. To find the half-life period of a given radioactive substance using a G.M. Counter.

Reference Books:

- 1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
- 2. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- 3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, I. Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Edn, 2011,Kitab Mahal

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed.

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B.Sc. (Physics) - III Year Semester – V Paper – V:: (B) Computational Physics (DSE-1: Elective)

Total: 56 hrs (4 Hrs / week)

UNIT I: Programming in C (14 Hrs)

Flow charts, algorithms, Integer and floating-point arithmetic, precision, variable types, arithmetic statements, input and output statements, control statements, executable and non-executable statements, arrays, Repetitive and logical structures, Subroutines and functions, operation with files, operating systems, Creation of executable programs.

UNIT II: Numerical methods of Analysis (14 Hrs)

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equation, Newton Ramphan method, Solution of simultaneous linear equations. Matrix inversion method, Interpolation, Newton and Lagrange formulas, Numerical differentiation. Numerical integration, Trapezoidal, Simpson and gaussian quadrature methods, Least square curve fitting, Straight line and Polynomial fits.

UNIT III: Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations (14 Hrs)

Eulars and Runge kutta methods, simulation. Generation of uniformly distributed random integers, statistical tests of randomness. Monte-Carlo evaluation of integrals and error analysis, Non-uniform probability distributions, Importance sampling, Rejection method.

UNIT IV: Computational methods (14 Hrs)

Metropolis algoritham, Molecular diffusion and Brownian motions, Random walk problems and their Montecarlo simulation. Finite element and Finite difference methods. Boundary value and initial value problems, density functional methods.

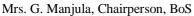
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Note: Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units

Suggested Books:

- **1.**Computational methods in Physics and Engineering: Wong
- 2. Computer Oriented Numerical methods:Rajaraman
- 3. Computer Programming in Fortran 77: Rajaraman
- 4. Applied Numerical Analysis: Gerald
- 5. A Guide to Manto -Carlo simulationsi Statistical Physics: Land

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B.Sc. (Physics) – III year Semester – V Paper: V:: (B) Computational Physics Practicals (DSE-1: Elective)

- 1. Jacobi Method of Matrix diagonalization
- 2. Solution of Transcendental or Polynomial equations by the Newton Raphson metho
- 3. Linear curve fitting and calculation of linear correlation coefficients
- 4. Matrix Simulation: Subtraction and Multiplication.
- 5. Matrix Inversion and solution of simultaneous equations
- 6. Lagrange interpolation based on given input data
- 7. Numerical integration using the Simpsons method.
- 8. Numerical integration using the Gaussian quadrature method.
- 9. Solution of first order Differential Equation using Runge-kutta method.
- 10. Numerical first order differentiation of a given function.
- 11. Fast Fourier transform
- 12. Monte Carlo Integration
- 13. Use of a package for data generation and graph plotting.
- 14. Test of Randomness for random numbers generators.

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed. Maximum of 15 students per batch and maximum of three students per experiment should be allotted in the regular practical class of three hours per week.

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B.Sc. (Physics) - III Year Semester – VI Paper – VI :: (A) Electronics (DSE-2: Elective)

Total: 56 hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit - I: (14 Hrs)

1. Band theory of P-N junction: Energy band in solids (band theory), valence band, conduction band and forbidden energy gap in solids, insulators, semi conductors and pure or intrinsic semiconductors and impure or extrinsic semi-conductors. N-type semi-conductors, P-type semi-conductors, Fermi level, continuity equation.

2. Diodes: P-N junction diode, Half-wave, full-wave and bridge rectifier. Zener diode & its characteristics. Zener diode as voltage regulator.

Unit-II: (14 Hrs)

1. Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) – p-n-p and n-p-n transistors, current components in transistors, CB, CE and CC configurations – transistor as an amplifier -RC coupled amplifier – Frequency response (Qualitative analysis).

2. Feedback concept & Oscillators: Feedback, General theory of feedback–Concepts of oscillators, Barkhausen's criteria, Phase shift oscillator – Expression for frequency of oscillation.

Unit-III: (14 Hrs)

Special devices- Construction and Characteristics: Photo diode - Shockley diode -Solar cell, Optocouplers - Field Effect Transistor (FET) - FET as an Amplifier - Uni Junction Transistor (UJT), UJT as a relaxation oscillator - Silicon controlled rectifier (SCR) - SCR as a switch.

Unit-IV: (14 Hrs)

1. Digital Electronics

Binary number system, conversion of binary to decimal and vice-versa.Binary addition and subtraction (1's and 2's complement methods).Hexadecimal number system.Conversion from binary to hexadecimal and vice-versa, Decimal to hexadecimal and vice-versa.

2. Logic gates:

OR, AND, NOT gates, truth tables, realization of these gates using discrete components. NAND, NOR as universal gates, Exclusive – OR gate (EX-OR). De Morgan's Laws – Verification.

NOTE: Problems should be solved from every chapter of all units.

Suggested Books:

1. Electronic devices and circuits – Millman and Halkias. Mc. Graw-Hill Education.

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- 2. Principles of Electronics by V.K. Mehta S. Chand & Co.
- 3. Basic Electronics (Solid state) B. L. Theraja, S. Chand & Co.
- 4. A First Course in Electronics- Anwar A. Khan&Kanchan K. Dey, PHI.
- 5. Physics of Semiconductor Devices- S. M. Sze
- 6. Physics of Semiconductors- Streetman.
- 7. Basic Electronics Bernod Grob.
- 8. Basic Electronics for B.Sc (Physics) III Year, 2019, Telugu Academy
- 9. Digital Principles & Applications A.P. Malvino and D.P. Leach

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B.Sc. (Physics) – III year Semester – VI Paper: VI:: (A) Electronics Practicals (DSE-2: Elective)

- 1. Construction of logic gates (AND, OR, NOT, gates) with discrete components– Truth table Verification
- 2. AND, OR, NOT gates constructions using universal gates Verification of truth tables.
- 3. Construction of NAND and NOR gates with discrete components and truth table verification
- 4. Characteristics of a Transistor in CE configuration
- 5. R.C. coupled amplifier frequency response.
- 6. Verification of De Morgan's Theorem.
- 7. Zener diode V-I characteristics.
- 8. P-n junction diode V- I characteristics.
- 9. Zener diode as a voltage regulator
- 10. Construction of a model D.C. power supply
- 11. R C phase shift Oscillator -determination of output frequency

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed.

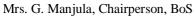
Suggested Books:

- 1. B.Sc. Practical Physics C. L. Arora S. Chand & Co.
- 2. Viva-voce in Physics R.C. Gupta, Pragathi Prakashan, Meerut.
- 3. Laboratory manual for Physics Course by B.P. Khandelwal.
- 4. Practical Physics by M. Arul Thakpathi by Comptex Publishers.

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5. B.Sc. practical physics – Subbi Reddy.

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B.Sc. (Physics)- III Year Semester – VI Paper – VI:: (B) APPLED OPTICS (DSE-2: Elective)

Total: 56 Hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit I: Principles of LASER (14 Hrs)

Emission and absorption of Radiation, -Einstein Relations- Pumping Mechanism- optical feedback-Laser rate equation for two, three and Four level Lasers, pumping threshold condition- Principle of Lase beams. Classification of LASER Systems- Gas, Liquid and Solid Lasers He-Ne and Argon Lasers, their energy level schemes- Ruby Laser and YAG laser, GA-As Laser and their applications in various fields.

Unit II: Holography (14 Hrs)

Basic principle of Holography- Recording of amplitude and phase. The recording mediumreconstruction of original wave front- Image formation by wave front reconstruction- Gaber Hologramlimitations of Gaber Hologram-Fourier Transform Hologram-Volume Hologram- Applications of holograms.

Unit III: (14 Hrs)

Fourier and Non-Linear Optics: Thin lens as phase transformation-thickness function-various types of lenses- Fourier transforming properties of lenses-Object placed Infront of the lens- Object placed behind the lens.

Non-Linear Optics: harmonic generation- second hormonic generation-phase matching condition-Optical mixing- parametric generation of Light- Self focusing of light.

Unit IV: Optical Fibers (14 Hrs)

Fiber types and their structures.Ray optic representation, Acceptance angle and numerical aperture. Step index and graded index fibers. Sigle mode and multi-mode fibers. Fiber materials for glass fibers and plastic fibers. Signal attenuation in optical fibers. Absorption, Scattering and bending losses in fibers, core and cladding losses. Materialdispersion, wave guide dispersion, intermodes distortion and pulse broadening.

Note:-Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units

Suggested Books:

- 1. Opto electronics an Introduction-Wilson & JFB Hawkes 2nd edition
- 2. Introduction to fourier optics-JW Goodman
- 3. Lasers and Non linear Optics--BB Laud
- 4. Optical electronics Ghatak and Thyagarajan
- 5. Principles of Lasers- O.Svelto
- 6. Optical fiber communication -By Geradkeiser
- 7. Optical fiber communication-by John M Senior(PHI)

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B.Sc. (Physics) – III year Semester – VI Paper: VI:: (B) Applied Optics Practicals (DSE-2: Elective)

- 1. Study of the Profile of a laser beam
- 2. Determination of the diameter of a thin wire using laser
- 3. Determination of wavelength of He-Ne laser by transmission grating
- 4. Construction and recording of a Hologram
- 5. Study of Fourier transforming properties of lenses
- 6. Study of second harmonic generation by KDP crystal
- 7. Measurement of numerical aperture of an optical fiber
- 8. Measurement of coupling losses in optical fiber
- 9. Measurement of bending losses in optical fiber
- 10. Study of audio signal transmission through optical fiber
- 11. To study the interference of light using optical fiber

Note: Minimum of eight experiments should be performed.

Suggested Books:

- 1. Introduction to fourier Optics- J Goodman
- 2. Optical Fiber Communication- john M senior
- 3. Principles of Lasers-by O.Svelto
- 4. Modern Optics by Grant Fowles
- 5. Principles of Optics byBorn & Wolf
- 6. Fundamentals of Optics by Jekins& White

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B.Sc. (Physics) - II Year Semester – III Experimental methods & Error analysis (SEC - I)

Total: 28 Hrs (2 Hrs / week)

Unit I: Experimental Methods (14 Hrs)

Least count of an instruments, Instruments for measuring mass, length, time, angle, current, voltage. Fundamental Units. Precession and accuracy of measurements, source of error in measurements, necessity of estimating errors, types of errors, reading error of instrument, Calibration error, random error, system error, Significantdigits, order of magnitude and rounding of numbers, rounding error, absolute and relative error. Errors of computation- addition, subtraction, multiplication, division error in power and roots, propagationerrors, analysis of data, standard deviation, calculation of mean value.

Unit II: I Statistical analysis of errors (14 Hrs)

Mean, mode and standard deviation, Standard deviation of mean, Least squares fitting, Normal distribution, covariance and correlation, Binomial distribution, passion distribution, chi-square test.

Note:-Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units

Suggested Book:

1. The theory of errors in Physical Measurements JC Pal New central book agency -2010

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B.Sc. (Physics)- II Year Semester – III Electrical circuit Networking (SEC - II)

Total: 28 Hrs (2 Hrs / week)

Unit I: (16 Hrs)

Basic electricity principles: Voltage, current, resistance and power – Ohm's law – Series, parallel and series-parallel combinations of resistances – AC electricity and DC electricity – Familiarization with multimeter, voltmeter and ammeter

Electrical circuits: Main electric circuit elements and their combination – Rules to analyze DC sourced electrical circuits – current and voltage drop across the DC circuit elements – single-phase and three-phase alternating current sources – Rules to analyze AC sourced electrical circuits – Real, imaginary and complex power components of AC source – Power factor – saving energy and money

Electrical drawing and symbols: Drawing symbols – Blueprints – Reading schematics – Ladder diagrams

Electrical schematics: Power circuits – Control circuits – Reading of circuit schematics – Tracking the connections of elements and identification of current flow and voltage drop

Generators and Transformers: DC power sources, AC/DC generators – Inductance, capacitance and impedance – Operation of transformers.

Electric motors: Single-phase, three phase & DC motors-Basic design – Interfacing DC or AC sources to control heaters and motors – Speed & power of AC motor

Solid state devices: Resistors, inductors and capacitors – Diode and rectifiers – Components in series or parallel – Response inductors and capacitors with DC or AC sources

Unit-II: (12 Hrs)

Electrical protection: Relays, fuses and disconnect switches – Circuit breakers – Overload devices – Ground-fault protection – Grounding and isolating – Phase reversal – Surge protection – Interfacing DC or AC sources to control elements (Relay protection device)

Electrical wiring: Different types of conductors and cables – Basics of wiring – Star and Delta connection – voltage drop and losses across cables and conductors – Instruments too measure current, voltage and power in DC and AC circuits – Insulation – Solid and stranded cable, conduit, cable trays – Splices: wire nuts, crimps, terminal blocks, split bolts and solder – Preparation of extension board.

Note: Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units

Suggested Books:

- 1. A text book in electrical technology B. L. Thereja S. Chand & Co.
- 2. A text book of electrical technology A. K. Thereja
- 3. Performance and design of AC machines M. G. Say ELBS Edn

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B.Sc. (Physics)- II Year Semester – IV Basic Instrumentation (SEC - III)

Total: 28 Hrs (2 Hrs / week)

Unit I: (14 Hrs)

Basics of measurement: Instruments accuracy, precision, sensitivity, resolution, range, etc – Errors in measurements and loading effects – Multimeter: Principles of measurement of dc voltage and dc current, ac voltage and ac current, resistance – Specifications of a multimeter and their significance

Electronic voltmeter: Advantage over conventional multimeter for voltages measurement with respect to input impedance and sensitivity – Principles of voltage measurement (Block diagram only) – Specifications of an Electric voltmeter, multimeter and their significance - AC millivoltmeter: Types of AC milliviltmeters – Block diagram of AC millivoltmeter Amplifier-rectifier and Rectifier-amplifier – Specifications and their significance

Cathode Ray Oscilloscope (CRO): Block diagram of CRO – construction of CRT – electron gun – electrostatic focusing and acceleration (Qualitative only) – Brief description of screen phosphor, visual persistence and chemical composition – Time-base operation – synchronization – front panel controls – specifications of CRO and their significance – Use of CRO for the measurement of voltage dc and ac frequency, time period – Special features of dual trace – Introduction to digital oscilloscope – Probes – Digital storage oscilloscope: Block diagram and principle of working

Unit II: (14 Hrs)

Signal generators and Analysis instruments: Block diagram, explanation and specifications of low frequency signal generator, pulse generator and function generator – Concept of testing – Specifications – Distortion factor meter – wave analysis.

Impedance Bridges & Q-meters: Block diagram of bridge – working principles of basic (balancing type) RLC bridge – Specifications of RLC bridge – Block diagram & working principles of a Q-meter – Digital LCR bridges

Digital Instruments: Principle and working of digital meters – Comparison of analog & digital instruments – characteristics of digital meter – working principles of digital voltmeter.

Digital multimeter: Block diagram and working of digital multimeter – working principle - time interval, frequency and period measurement using universal counter/frequency counter – time-base stability, accuracy and resolution.

Note: Problems should be solved at the end of every chapter of all units.

Suggested Books:

- 1. A text book in electrical technology B. L. Thereja S. Chand & Co.
- 2. Performance and design of AC machines M. G. Say ELBS Edn
- 3. Digital circuits and systems Venugopal, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011
- 4. Logic circuit design Shimon P. Vingron, Springer, 2012
- 5. Digital electronics Subrata Ghoshal, Cengage Learning, 2012
- 6. Electronic devices and circuits S. Salivahanan & N. S. Kumar, 3rd Edn, 2012, Tata McGraw Hill
- Electronic circuits: Hand Book of design and applications U. Tietze & Ch. Schenk, Springer, 2012
- 8. Electronic devices Thomas L. Floyd, 7th Edn., Pearson India, 2008

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B.Sc. (Physics) - II Year Semester – IV Digital Electronics (SEC - IV)

Total: 28 Hrs (2 Hrs / week)

Unit I: Basic electricity principles: (14 Hrs)

Semi-conductor Theory: Energy levels - Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors - Mobility, diffusion and Drift current - Hall effect - Characteristics of P-N Junction diode, parameters and applications. Rectifiers: half wave and Full wave rectifier (Bridge, Central tapped) with and without filters – Ripple, regulation and efficiency - Zener diode regulator.

Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT): BJT current components - CE, CB, CC Configurations – Characteristics - Transistor as amplifier - Analysis of CE, CB, CC amplifiers (qualitative treatment) - JFET construction and working parameters.

Unit II: (14 Hrs)

Construction and Characteristics of Photo diodes, Photo transistor, LED, LCD, SCR and UJT - Display systems - Constructional details of CRO and applications - Feedback concepts - Properties of negative feedback amplifiers - classification and parameters – Oscillators: Barkhausen Criterion - LC type, RC type Oscillators and crystal Oscillators (Qualitative treatment only) - Digital systems: Basic Logic gates, Half and Full adder and subtractors.

Suggested Books:

- 1. Electronic Devices and circuits Jacob Milliman, Christos C. Haikais and satyabrata Jit, Mc Graw Hill (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2010
- 2. Op-Amps and Linear Integrated circuits P. Ramakanth and Gaykward, 4th edition PHI, 2000
- 3. Electronic measurements and instrumentation Technology William D cooper and Ad Helfrick, PHI, 2002
- 4. Electronic devices and circuits S. Shalivahan and N. Sureshkumar 2nd Edn, Mc Graw Hill, Pvt. Ltd., 2007.
- 5. Basic Electronics for B.Sc (Physics) III Year, 2019, Telugu Academy

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B.Sc. (Physics)- III Year Semester – V Renewal energy & Energy harvesting (GE)

Total: 56 Hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit I: Principles of Solar Radiation and Collection (Qualitative only) (14Hrs)

Non-renewable energy resources – Principles of power generation and transmission. A model of conventional thermal power plant. Advantages and disadvantages of conventional power plants. Role and potential of new and renewable sources, the solar energy option, environmental impact of solar power, physics of the sun, the solar constant, solar radiation on tilted surface, instruments for measuring solar radiation and sun shine, solar radiation data.

Unit II: Solar Energy Storage and Applications (14Hrs)

Solar energy collectors - Flat plate and concentration collectors, classification of concentration collectors and orientation, advanced collectors. Different sensible, latent heat and stratified storage, solar ponds. Solar Applications – solar heating/ cooling technique, solar distillation and drying, photovoltaic energy conversion.

Unit III: Wind and Bio-Mass Energy (14Hrs)

Resources and potentials, horizontal and vertical axis windmills, performance characteristics. Principles of Bio-Conversion, Energy from waste, types of bio-gas digesters, gas yield, combustion characteristics of bio-gas, utilization for cooking, LPG and CNG.

Unit IV: Geothermal and Ocean Energy (14Hrs)

Resources, types of wells, methods of harnessing the energy, potential in India. OTEC, principles of utilization, setting of OTEC plants, thermodynamic cycles. Tidal and wave energy, Potential and conversion techniques, mini-hydel power plants, land and their economics.

Suggested Books:

- 1. Non-Conventional Energy Sources G.D Rai, Khanna Publishers
- 2. Renewable Energy Resources Twidell & Wier, CRC Press (Taylor & Francis)
- 3. Renewable energy resources Tiwari and Ghosal, Narosa.
- 4. Renewable Energy Technologies Ramesh & Kumar, Narosa
- 5. Non-Conventional Energy Systems K Mittal, Wheeler
- 6. Renewable energy sources and emerging technologies D.P. Kothari, K.C. Singhal.

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B.Sc. (Physics)- III Year Semester – VI Nano Science (Paper in lieu of project)

Total: 56 Hrs (4 Hrs / week)

Unit I: (12 Hrs)

Length scales in physics and Nano structures: 1D, 2D and 3D nano structures (nanodots, thin films, nanowires, nanorods), Band structure and density of states of materials at nano scale – Size effects in nano systems – Quantum confinement in 3D, 2D and 1D nano structures and its consequences

Unit II: (16 Hrs)

Synthesis of Nano structure materials: Top-down and Bottom-up approach – Photolithography – Ball milling – Gas phase condensation – Vacuum deposition – Physical vapor deposition (PVD) – Thermal evaporation – E-beam evaporation – Pulsed Laser deposition – Chemical vapor deposition (CVD) – Sol-Gel – Electro deposition – Spray pyrolysis – Hydrothermal synthesis – Preparation through colloidal methods – MBE growth of quantum dots

Characterization: X-Ray diffraction – Optical microscopy – Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) – Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM) – Atomic Force Microscope (AFM) – Scanning Tunneling Microscope

Unit III: (14 Hrs)

Optical properties: Coulomb interaction in nano structures – concept of dielectric constant for nano structures and charging of nano structure – Quasi-particles and excitons – Excitons in direct and indirect band gap semiconductor nanocrystals – Quantitative treatment of quasi-particles and excitons – Charging effects – Radiative processes: general formalization – absorption, emission and luminescence – Optical properties of hetero structures and nano structures

Electron Transport: Carrier transport in nano structures – Coulomb blockade effect – thermionic emission – tunneling and hoping conductivity – Defects and impurities: Deep level and surface defects

Unit IV: (14 Hrs)

Applications: Applications of nano particles, quantum dots, nanowires and thin films for photonic devices (LED, solar cells) – Single electron devices (Qualitative only) – CNT based transistors – Nano material devices: Quantum dots – hetero structure Lasers

Optical switching and optical data storage – Magnetic quantum well – magnetic dots – magnetic data storage – Micro Electromechanical Systems (MEMS), Nano Electromechanical Systems (NEMS)

Suggested Books:

- 1. Introduction to Nanotechnology C.P. Poole, Jr. Frank, J. Owens Wiley India Pvt, Ltd.
- 2. Nanotechnology: Principles & Practices S.K. Kulkarni Capital Publishing Co.)
- 3. Introduction to Nanoscience and Technology K.K. Chatopadhyay, A.N. Benerjee PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Nanotechnology Richard Booker, Earl Boysen John Wiley and Sons
- 5. Nanoparticle Technology Handbook M. Hosokawa, K. Nogi, M. Naita, T. Yokoyama, Elsevier, 2007.
- 6. Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology Bharath Bhushan, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 2004.

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B.Sc. (Physics) Internal Assessment Examination - I Semester: I/II/III/IV/V/VI Paper: (For DSC, DSE, GE & Paper in lieu of Project)

Time: 90 Min]

[Marks: 20

Answer ALL questions. Each question carries equal marks $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- 1. From Unit 1
- 2. From Unit 1
- 3. From Unit 1
- 4. From Unit 1
- 5. From Unit 1
- 6. From Unit 2
- 7. From Unit 2
- 8. From Unit 2
- 9. From Unit 2
- 10. From Unit 2

SCHEME OF QUESTION PAPER

B.Sc. (Physics) Internal Assessment Examination - II Semester: I/II/III/IV/V/VI Paper: (For DSC, DSE, GE & Paper in lieu of Project)

Time: 90 Min]

[Marks: 20

Answer ALL questions. Each question carries equal marks $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- 1. From Unit 3
- 2. From Unit 3
- 3. From Unit 3
- 4. From Unit 3
- 5. From Unit 3
- 6. From Unit 4
- 7. From Unit 4
- 8. From Unit 4
- 9. From Unit 4
- 10. From Unit 4



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B.Sc. (Physics) Internal Assessment Examination - I Semester: III/IV Paper: (For SEC)

Time: 45 Min]

[Marks: 10

Answer ALL questions. Each question carries equal marks (2 x 5 = 10)

- 1. From Unit 1
- 2. From Unit 1
- 3. From Unit 1
- 4. From Unit 1
- 5. From Unit 1

SCHEME OF QUESTION PAPER

B.Sc. (Physics) Internal Assessment Examination - II Semester: III/IV Paper: (For SEC)

Time: 45 Min]

[Marks: 10

Answer ALL questions. Each question carries equal marks (2 x 5 = 10)

- 1. From Unit 2
- 2. From Unit 2
- 3. From Unit 2
- 4. From Unit 2
- 5. From Unit 2

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KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY, WARANGAL B.Sc. (PHYSICS) I/II/III Year Examination Semester: I/II/III/IV/V/VI Paper: (For DSC, DSE, GE & Paper in lieu of project)

Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks: 80

SECTION A: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (8 X 4 = 32)

Answer Any EIGHT questions. Each question carries equal marks

- 1. From Unit 1
- 2. From Unit 1
- 3. From Unit 1 (Problem)
- 4. From Unit 2
- 5. From Unit 2
- 6. From Unit 2 (Problem)
- 7. From Unit 3
- 8. From Unit 3
- 9. From Unit 3 (Problem)
- 10. From Unit 4
- 11. From Unit 4
- 12. From Unit 4 (Problem)

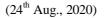
SECTION B: ESSAY TYPE ANSWER QUESTIONS (4 X 12 = 48)

Answer Any FOUR questions. All questions carry equal marks

13. (a)	From Unit 1
OR	
(b)	From Unit 1
14. (a)	From Unit 2
OR	
(b)	From Unit 2
15. (a)	From Unit 3
OR	
(b)	From Unit 3
16. (a)	From Unit 4
OR	
(b)	From Unit 4



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KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY, WARANGAL B.Sc. (PHYSICS) II Year Examination Semester: III/IV

Paper:

(For SEC)

Time: 2 Hours]

[Marks: 40

SECTION A: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (4 X 4 = 16)

Answer Any FOUR questions. Each question carries equal marks

- 1. From Unit 1
- 2. From Unit 1
- 3. From Unit 1 (Problem)
- 4. From Unit 2
- 5. From Unit 2
- 6. From Unit 2 (Problem)

SECTION B: ESSAY TYPE ANSWER QUESTIONS (2 X 12 = 24)

Answer Any TWO questions. All questions carry equal marks

- 7. (a) From Unit 1
 - OR
 - (b) From Unit 1
- 8. (a) From Unit 2
 - OR
 - (b) From Unit 2

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