SDLCE: KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY M.A. History - Previous

PAPER-I: ANCIENT CIVILIZATIONS

Unit-1: Egypt civilization: Origin, age, distribution, nature of society-economy and polity, trade and commerce architecture, decline.

Unit-II: Mesopotamia: Origin of Civilization, age, nature of society, economy, polity religious Trade & Commerce, law and courts, contacts with other civilizations and decline

Unit-III: China: Origin of civilization, age, nature and extent of civilization, society and Economy, polity and religion, trade and commerce, contacts with other civilization and decline Japan, Culture, Polity, Religion, Economy

Unit-IV: Greece and Rome: Nature of class society, Agrarian economy, urbanization and trade, Athenian democracy, Roman Republic, Roman Empire and Greek and Roman Culture.

Unit-V: Persian civilization-Religion, Polity, Economy art and architecture Arabic Civilization-Polity, Economy, society, Science

Reference Books:

Jams Edger Swaine: Prapachanagarikatala Charitra, Telugu Academy, Hyd.

➢ Blackman; History of human society, volumes 9-10

Breasted, J.H: Ancient Times, A History of the early world (Ginn, 1916) vol.2-5,10

Rostovzeff, M.I: A History of the Ancient World vol. 1-11, oxford 1926.

> Thomdick, L: History of Civilizations vol. 4-8.

Secheneider, H: The History of World Civilizations from Prehistoric times to the middle ages

Moret A,: The Nile and Egyptians Civilizations, Knopf, 1927.

Durant, W: The History of Civilizations & Our Oriental Heritage, Simon and Schuster, 1935.

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M.A. HISTORY - PREVIOUS

PAPER II: SOCIO-CULTUREAL HISTORY OF INDIA UPTO-

Unit-I: Sources, the Indus Valley civilization-The city-The People-Main features-Religion, contacts with West Asia and destruction of the Indus Valley Civilization. Vedic culture-Social, Economic life and Religion. Conditions.

Condition of Northern India in 6th Century B.C., social, and Religions conditions Rise of Jainism & Buddhism and contribution of Jainism and Buddhism to the Indian culture

1707.AC

- Unit-II: Mauryan period-Administration-Social conditions-Economic conditions and the Mauryan Art. Asoka's Dharma or Dhamma. Causes of the downfall of the Mauryas.
- Unit-III: Gupta Age-salient features of Gupta Age-Administrative Organization-Socio-Economic and Religious conditions-Literary Activity-Sciences-Education and art & Architecture- fahien's account. Harshavardhana Age: -Rajput culture and civilization-social life of the Rajput-Economic condition-Rajputs art and literature.
- Unit-IV: Delhi Sultanates-Achievements of Balban, Ala-uddin-Khilji, Economic reforms or Regulations-Mohammad-Bin-Tughlak Administrative Reforms. Collapse of the Delhi Sultanate. Impact of Islam on Hindu society-Administrative system of the Delhi sultanate- Socio-economic conditions during the Delhi Sultanate. Religious Movements in Medieval India-Bhakti Movement and Sufism
- Unit-V: Mughals: Achievements of Babur. Reforms of Shershah Sur-Akbar-Land Revenues System. Mansabdari System, Religion and Reforms of Akbar-Mughal Administration. Art, Architecture and Literature in Mughal India. Socio-Economic conditions. Decline of Mughal Empire-Rise of Marathas: Shivaji's Administrative System. Estimate of Shivaji

Books Recommended:

- * The Cambridge History of India vol-I
- V.A. Smith: Asoka.
- Altekar: A.S.: State & Govt. in Ancient India.
- Mukherji, L.W.: Asoka.
- * Romila Thaper: Asoka.
- * R.C. Mazumdar: Advanced History of India.
- * Romila Thaper: History of India vol. I & II.
- N.Luniya: Cultural History of Ancient India.
- * A.N.Sastry: Comprehensive History of India (Relevant Volumes).

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M.A. HISTORY - PREVIOUS

PAPER III: HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE (1453-1789)

Unit-I: Western Christendom, Pope and the Holy Roman Empire, Decline, Reformation-Meaning; Rise of Protestantism in Germany and England-Rise of Nation States. Counter Reformation, Jesuits, inquisitions and religious Persecutions, Christian Missionaries.

Characteristics of medieval times in Europe-Transition from Medieval to Modern times-Renaissance in Italy, causes, spread and facts. Geographical discoveries.

Unit-II: Mercantilism-internal and external trade and Commerce-Capitalism, nature and character-Rise of Capitalism- Decline of Feudalism in Europe.

Colonialism-meaning and character, Technological innovations leading to Industrial Revolution-character of Industrial Revolution-Effects and consequences.

Unit-III: Growth of Liberalism in Egypt Constitutional Monarchy

American War of Independence-Causes, Course and Results-

French Revolution-Causes-Course, Course and Results, Rise and fall of Napoleon-His Reforms Congress of Vienna

Unit-IV: Unification of Italy and Germany Eastern Question-Rise of Nationalism in Eastern Europe

Unit-V: First World War, Courses and Results-Russian Revolution-Courses and Results. Economic depression, Rise of Fascism, and Nazism courses and results of II World War-UNO

Reference Books:

- Peter Moss: Modern World History, Hampshire, 1978
- * Mowat (ed): The New Cambridge Modern History, vol. xii.
- . J.M,. Rober: History of the World, New York, 1976.
- * C.D.M. Ketelbey: A History of Modern Times from
- . Hughes: Contemporary Europe, A History.
- * Robinson and Beard: Readings in Modern European History.
- Anderson: Modern Europe in World perspective.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY: KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY

M.A. HISTORY - PREVIOUS

PAPER IV: HISTORY OF ANDHRADESHA FROM EARLIEST TIMES TO 1724 A.D.

- Unit-I: Geographical features of Andhradesha-Impact on History and Culture-Sources for the History of Andhradesha-Literary and Archaeological Sources- Spread of Jainism and Buddhism, Socio-religious ideas in Pre-Satavahana Period
- Unit-II: Political History of Satavahanas-Society, Economy. Polity, Literature and Art-Spread of Jainism & Buddhism. The decline and disintegration of Satavahana kingdom.lkshvakus and Vishukundins- survey-Society and Arts-
- Unit-III: Andhradesha under the Chalukyas of Vengi-society, Economy, art, architecture and Literature. The Kakatiyas Political History-Society, religion, Economy, Polity, Art, Architecture and literature-The fall of Kakatiyas.

Andhradesa after the fall of the Kakatiyas-Liberation Movement-the Musunuri chiefs: Rise and fall-The Padmanayakas: Their contribution to the culture of Andhras-socio-economic conditions and religion

Unit-IV: The Reddy kingdoms of Kondavidu and Rajamhendravaram-brief political History,

society, economy, religion and development literature.

Andhradesa under the Rayas of Vijayanagar: A brief political History-polity and Administration society, economy, religion, arts and letters.

Unit-V: The Qutb shahis of Golconda-political conditions-administrative system-Agriculture,

Trade and Commerce-Development of Art, architecture and literature-fall of the Qutb shahis.

Books Recommended:

- * K. Satyanarayana: History and Culture of Andhra People, vol. I &II.
- B.S.L. Hanumantha Rao: History of Andhradesa (Ancient & Medieval).
- S. Prathap Reddy: andhrula Sanghika Charitra.
- V.S.R. Sastry: The Vishnu Kundins.
- N.Venkata Ramaiah.
- ♣ T. Prabramha Sastry: 1. The Kakatiyas
 - 2. The Rural History of Andhradesa
- Le Chengalraya Chetty: Socio-Economic History of Andhradesa.
- N. Krishna Reddy: Socio-Cultural History of Andhradesa upto 11th C. A.D.

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M.A. HISTORY - PREVIOUS

PAPER-V: CULTURAL TOURISM

- Unit-I: Natural Resources: Physical features of India-mountains, hills, Rivers, Valleys, Forests, climate-deserts, snow beaches, flora and fauna.
- Unit-II: Archaeological and Historical Resources: Archaeological sites,
 Pre-historical, proto-historic carves, Historical site-Ancient and Medieval
 Modern
 structures-Multipurpose projects.
- Unit-III: Cultural Resources: Important Religious and Religious centers, shrines, pilgrims
 Fairs
 and festivals, centers of Yoga and Meditation Indian dance forms, musicclassical and
 folk.-Music-classical and folk
- Unit-IV: Handicrafts and Modern Centers: Various types of Handicrafts-cane work, pottery, terra-cotta, carpets, textiles-Kalankari brass, silver, stone cutting, sculpture, costumes, ornaments, art of cookery, varieties of food North Indian dishes and south Indian dishes.
- Unit-V: Modern centers of Handicrafts, Art galleries, Museums National and State museumsEco-Tourism-Forests, Zoological parks, Gardens, etc.-Medical Tourism-Ayurvedic,
 Nature-Cure Centres, Yoga and Meditation Centres

Suggested Readings:

- Dercy Tourism: Indian Architecture-Hindu & Buddhist period.
- Herle, J.C.: The Art & Architecture of Indian Sub-continent.
- * Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan: Imperial Guptas
- * Acharya Rao: Tourism 7 Cultural Heritage of India Rose Pub.
- ❖ Basham A.L.: The wonder that was India, Rupa & Com.Delhi-1998.
- ❖ -do- : The Gazetteer of India-History & Cultures, Vol.2.
- * Hussain A.A.: The National Culture of India N.B.T. Delhi-1959.
- * Mukherji, R.K.: The Culture & Art of India, London, 1959.
- The Treasure of Indian Museums, Marge publications, Bombay.

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Syllabus for M.A. History (Final)

Paper-I HISTORIOGRAPHY

Unit-I : Meaning, Definitions of History, Nature and Scope of History, History as

Science and Art.

Unit-II : History and other Social Sciences : Geography, Anthropology, Archaeology,

Political Science, Economics and Sociology

Unit-III : Development of Historical Writings - A Brief Survey of various Schools such

as Imperialist, Empiricist, Positivist, Marxist and Annalist Schools.

Unit-IV: Select Historiographer: Greece - Hereditres and Thucidides, France: Voltair;

Italy: Croce.

Unit-V: Select Historiographers: England, Edward Gibbon, Arnold Toynbee,

Germany: Leopold Van Ranke, Korl Marx.

References:

1. Aurther Morwick: The Nature of History

2. E.H. Carr: What is History

3. Sheik Ali: History: Its Theory and Method

4. Fritzstorn: Varieties of History

5. R.G. Colling Wood: The Idea of History

Paper-II SOCIO-CULTURAL HISTORY OF INDIA FROM 1707 - 1947

Unit-I : Society and Culture in the 18th Century - Rural Society - Landed Aristocracy -

Social Life - Social Structure, Women in the Society, Urbanisation.

Unit-II: Company's Social Policy: The British Education Policy - Rise of New Social

Classes in India - Role of Indian Press.

Caste & Class in 19th Century - Role of Christian Missionaries and Growth of Dalit consciousness - Caste Conflicts and Anti-Caste Movements in India - Adi Dravida Movement of Tamilnadu - Adi Hindu Movement of Hyderabad - Adi Karnataka Movement of Mysore - Adi Andhra Movement in Andhra -

Non-Brahmin Movement of Jotirao Phule

Unit-III: Social Policy and Social Reform of 19th Century - Role of Ram Mohan Roy -

Brahma Samaj - Prarthana Samaj - Arya Samaj - Ramakrishna Mission and Theosophical Society - Narayana Guru's SNCP Movement - Self-respect - Movement of Periar Ramaswamy - Satyasodhak Samaj - Aligarh Movement.

Unit-IV: Origin and Growth of Communalism in 19th & 20th Centuries - Wahabi Movement - Hindu Maha Sabha, RSS, Akalis - Muslim League

Roots of the Indian Elite - Foundation of the Congress - Roots of Extremism - Early
Terrorism - Philosophical background - Secret Societies - Later Revolutionary
Terrorism and Its Political Philosophy

Unit-V: Social Reform Movement and Legislation - Renade, Gokhale and Tilak's Contribution - Emancipation of Indian Women - Women Pioneers in Colonial India like Savitribai Phule, Pandita Ramabai, Tarabai Shinde, Durgabai Deshmukh, Muttu Laxmi Reddy, Sarojini Naidu

References:

- 1. A. Bipinchandra: Communalism in Modern India
- 2. Roberts: History of British India
- 3. Thomson and Gerret: Rise and Fulfillment of the British Rule in India
- 4. K.M. Panikkar: Foundations of New India
- 5. Speer: Oxford History of Modern India 1740-1947
- 6. Sumit Sarkar: Modern India
- 7. S. Gopal: British Policy in India (1888-1935)
- 8. Tarachand: History of Freedom Movement in India Vol.
- 9. Majumdar (ed): History and Culture of Indian People, Vol.IX to 3 Vols.
- 10. M. Venkatrangayya: Bharat Swatantrodyama Charitra
- 11. Moulana Azad: India Wins Freedom
- 12. Perival Spear: History of India, Penguin, 1972
- 13. Barunde, Bipinchandra and Amalesh Tripathi: Freedom Struggle
- 14. Desai, AR: Social Background of Indian Nationalism
- 15. Jones, Kenneth: Social and Religious Reform Movement in Modern India

Paper-III HISTORY OF ANDHRADESA (From AD 1724 to 1956)

- Unit-I : Foundation of Hyderabad State Asaf Jahi Dynasty Political Contact with the French and the English, Society and Economy of Hyderabad State during 19th Century Salarjung Reforms
- Unit-II: Awakening in Andhra Social Reform Movement Kandukuri Veereshalingam and Other Growth of Press Early Political Associations.
- Unit-III: National Movement /- Vandemataram Movement Non-cooperation Movement Alluri Sectarama Raju Civil Disobedience Movement Quit India Movement.
- Unit-IV: Political Awakening in Telangana Andhra Mahasabha Hyderabad State Congress Vandemathram Movement Split in Andra Mahasabha Peasant Revolt in Telangana The Rajakars Police Action.
- Unit-V: Formation of Andhra State 1953 State Re-organisation Commission Formation of Andhra State Sreebaghapact Efforts for Telangana Statehood Gentlemen's Agreement Formation of Andhra Pradesh.

References:

1. Sarojini Regani: Highlights of the Freedom Movement in Andhra Pradesh

2. P.R. Rao: History of Modern Andhra

3. Bary Pavier: The Telangana Movement 1944-51

4. KM Munshi: End of An Era

- 5. DN Dhanagare: Peasant Movements in India
- 6. N. Venkatramanaiah: Freedom Movement in Andhra
- 7. Sarojini Regani: British Nizam Relations
- 8. V. Ramakrishna: Social Reform in Andhra
- 9. VV Narayana Rao: Formation of Andhra State
- 10. V. Kishan Rao: Swamy Ramananda Thirtha
- 11. AR Desai (ed): Peasant Struggles in India

Paper-IV ECONOMIC HISTORY O INDIA (AD 1757-1952)

- Unit-I : The Company's Policies and Their Impact on Trade and Industry in Bengal and South India The Evolution of Agrarian Structure under the Company The Permanent Settlement Ryotwari and Mahalwari Farmers and Famine Relief measures during Company's Rule
- Unit-II: Introduction of Free Trade and impact on Handicrafts during the 19th Century Railways and Communications in the 19th Century Drain of wealth Changes in India's exports and imports
- Unit-III: British Policies Impact on Agriculture Growth of Commercialisation, Indebtedness and Land-Lordism - Technical Changes in Agriculture - Famine Relief Policies, 1860-1919 - Famine Commissions 1880, 1893, 1901 and 1944
- Unit-IV: Growth of Foreign Trade in 19th Century and its Impact on Economy The Drain of Wealth, Famines and Poverty Rise of Modern Industry, Mining and Planatations Colonial Tariff and Financial Policies Indian Economy in the First World War Changes in Tariff Policy after the First World War
- Unit-V: Growth of Indian Industry 1918-1947 Growth of Indian Banking and Usuary
 Rise of Indian Capitalist Class Factory Labour and Factory Legislations Mixed Economy Planning
 The Students should go on a study Tour of India to visit places of Historical
 interest as a part of curriculum.

References:

- 1. Bipan Chandra: Rise and Growth o Economic Nationalism in India. RP Dutt, India Today, Bombay, 1949
- 2. Morris D. Moras Etc: Indian Economy in the 19th Century
- 3. NK Sinha: Economic History of India
- 4. AK Baghch: Private Investment in India (1900-1939), Cambridge, 1972
- 5. RC Dutt: Economic History of India in the Victorian Age, London, 1903
- 6. The Indian Economy in the 19th Century, A symposium, Delhi, 1969, Choudhury SB: Civil Disturbances during the British Rule in India, Calcutta, 1955
- 7. Desai AR (ed): Peasant Struggles in India, OUP, 1979
- 8. Ghosh, Sankar: Socialism and Communism in India, Bombay, 1971

9. Gopal, S: British Policy in India 1851-1905, Cambridge, 1965

10. Gordon, AB: Businessmen and Politice: Rising Nationalism and Modernising Economy in Bombay, 1918-1933, New Delhi, 1978

11. Ranjit Guha (ed): Subaltern Studies I, Delhi, 1982

- 12. Hettne, Byron: Political Economy of Indirect Role, Mysore 1881-1947, London, 1977
- 13. Metcalfe, TR: Land Lords and the British Raj, Northern India in the 19th Century, Delhi, 1979
- 14. Routhermund, Dietmar: Government, Landlord and Peasant in India, Agrarian Relations under British Rule, Wiesdaeden, 1978 (1865-1935)

15. Summit Sarkar: Modern India (1885-1947) Macmillan (India) 1983

- 16. Majid Siddique: Agrarian Unrest in North India United Province 1918-1922, New Dell 1978
- 17. Satindra Singh: Communists in Congress, Kumara Mangalam Thesis, New Delhi, 1973

18. Eric Stoks: Peasants and the Raj, Cambridge, 1978

- 19. BP Tomlinson L: Political Economy of the Raj, 1914-1947, London, 1979
- 20. VB Singh: Economic History of India
- 21. Gangil: Industrial Evolution of India
- 22. Anstey: Economic Development of India

23. Benerji: History of Indian Taxation

24. Powell Baden: Land Systems of British India

Paper-V PEASANT MOVEMENTS IN INDIA AD 1860-1952

Unit-I : Approaches to the Peasant Studies in India - Regional Variations in Agrarian

System and Peasant Status - British Impact on Agrarian Society - Pre-Colonial

Land Tenure Systems.

Unit-II : The Indigo Uprising Champaran

Unit-III: The Mopilla Uprising, Deccan riots, Pabna Movements
Unit-IV: All India Kisan Sabha and Bihar Kisan Sabha, Tebhagh

Unit-V: Telangana Peasant Struggle

References:

- 1. T. Sharin: Peasants and Peasant Socieites
- 2. Natrajan: Peasant Evolts in India 1850-1900
- 3. Baden Powell: Land Systems of British India
- 4. Bhowant Sen: Evolution of Agrarian Relations in India
- 5. Dayakar and Balabushavich: A Contemporary History of India
- 6. BK Chowdhari: Agrarian Economy and Agrarian Change in Bengal
- EMS Nambudripad : National Question in Kerala
- 8. W Logan: Malber Manual (NAI)
- 9. W. Hanser: Bihar Kisan Sabha (1929-2)
- 10. SS Sarevati : Mera Jiwan Sangresh
- 11. Sundarayya: The Telanagana Struggle12. Rajendra Prasad: Satyagrapha in Cahmparan
- 13. SK Sen: Agrarian Struggle in Bengal 1946-47
- 14. Report on the Edav Movement by Fanthrope
- 15. Amalendu DC: Indigo Plantation as a Source of Oppression
- 16. PB Chowdhri: Growth of Commercial Agriculture and its Impact on Peasant Economy
- 17. AR Desai (ed): Peasant Struggles in India, Delhi, 1981