# Department of Political Science Kakatiya University, Warangal Course Structure of M.A Political Science under CBCS – 2017-18

	M.A Political Science	- I Semest	er			
Paper	Title	Contact Hours	Credits	Internal	External	Total
1	Ancient and Medieval Western Political Thought	5	5	20	80	100
2	Theory of International Relations	5	5	20	80	100
3	Comparative Political System	5	5	20	80	100
4	Indian Constitution	5	5	20	80	100
5	Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought	5	5	20	80	100
6	Seminars		2	50		50
	Total	25	27	150	400	550
	M.A Political Science	- II Semes	ter			•
Paper	Title	Contact Hours	Credits	Internal	External	Total
1	Modern Western Political Thought	5	5	20	80	100
2	International Relations	5	5	20	80	100
3	Comparative Political Systems	5	5	20	80	100
4	Indian Politics (Society, Economy & Polity)	5	5	20	80	100
5	Modern Indian Political Thought	5	5	20	80	100
6	Seminars		2	50		50
	Total	25	27	150	400	550

# **Course Structure of M.A Political Science under CBCS**

	M.A Political Science - III Semester								
Paper	Title	Contact Hours	Credits	Internal	External	Total			
1	Modern Political Analysis	5	5	20	80	100			
2	Government and Politics of Telangana	5	5	20	80	100			
3	Research Methodology	5	5	20	80	100			
	Elective Paper	rs							
4 (a)	Gandhian Studies								
4 (b)	Panchayati Raj System in India	5	5	20	80	100			
5 (a)	Political Sociology	_	_	•	0.0	100			
5 (b)	Peace and Conflict Studies	5	5	20	80	100			
6	Seminars		2	50		50			
	Total	25	27	150	400	550			

# **Course Structure of M.A Political Science under CBCS**

Paper	Title	Contact Hours	Credits	Internal	External	Total
1	Administrative Thought	5	5	20	80	100
2	South Asian Government and Politics	5	5	20	80	100
3	Social Movements in India	5	5	20	80	100
	Elective Pape	rs	<u> </u>			l
4 (a)	Women and Politics in India					
4 (b)	Socialist Thought in India	5	5	20	80	100
5 (a)	Indian Foreign Policy	_	_	•	0.0	100
5 (b)	State and Governance in India	5	5	20	80	100
6	Seminars		2	50		50
	Total	25	27	150	400	550

**Dr. G. Veeranna**Chairman Board of Studies

## Department of Political Science Kakatiya University, Warangal, Telangana -506 009 Semester – I

## 1.01: Ancient and Medieval Western Political Thought

#### Unit - I:

- a) Nature of classical political thought Importance of study of classics
- b) Ancient Greek Political Thought Nature and concerns

#### Unit – II:

a) Plato – Platonic Epistemology – Concept of Man – Theory of Justice; Theory of Ideal state – critical appraisal of Plato's Political Thought

### Unit -III

 a) Aristotle – His Method – Theory of State – Classification of Governments – Theory of Revolutions – His views on slavery – Critical estimate of Aristotle's Political thought

#### Unit – IV:

- a) Scholastic Political Thought Its nature and concerns
- Early Christian Political Thought St. Augustin Conception of Two cities – Views on church, state, slavery, property and justice. St. Thomas Aquinas – Synthesis of Reason, Faith and Politics – Theory of Laws

#### Unit – V:

- a) Renaissance Political Thought Its nature and concerns
- b) Nicholos Machiavelli- His views on Human Nature The Prince Politics & Ethics An estimate of Machiavelli's Political Thought

- 1. G.H. Sabine: History of Political Theory
- 2. Andrew Hacker: Political Theory
- 3. Subrat Mukherjee & Susheela Rama Swamy: A History of Political Thought
- 4. C.L. Wayper: Political Thought
- 5. Sukhbir Singh: History of Political Thought (Vol.1)
- 6. W.Ebnestein: Great Political Thought

## Semester – I 1.02: Theory of International Relations

#### Unit – I:

- a) International Relations as a field of study: Nature and scope of International Relations
- b) Approaches to the study of International Relations: Idealism and Realist school of thought – Decision – Making Systems Approaches Game theory

#### Unit – II:

- a) Balance of Power : Meaning Balance of Power in International Relations & Variants of balance of Power
- b) The theory of Colonialism and Imperialism: Various theories Motives of Imperialism criticism of these theories

#### Unit – III:

- a) Concept of Power : Elements of Power Methods of exercising power– The Evaluations of National power
- Unite-IV: a) Concept of Nuclear Deterrence various strategies of Nuclear Deterrence Nature of Mutual Assured Destruction- Criticism of these strategies

#### Unit – V:

a) Foreign Policy – Definition – Determinants of Foreign Policy's
 Objectives of a nation's foreign policy – Instruments of foreign policy
 and its determinants

- 1. Joseph Frankel: International Relations in Changing World (Oxford University Press, 1979)
- 2. Columbia T.A.and James Wolfe H. Introduction to International Relation Power and Justice (Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1989)
- 3. Hans J. Morgenthau J. Politics Among Nations (Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta, 1976)
- 4. Quincy Wright, The Study of International Relations (TMS Press, New Delhi, 1970)
- 5. Stanley Hoffman(ed) Contemporary Theory in International Relations (Englewood elites, 1960)
- 6. James N Rosenau, (ed) International Politics and Foreign Policy (New Delhi, 1961)
- 7. Mahendra Kumar, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics (New Delhi, 1967)

### Semester – I

## 1.03: Comparative Political System

#### Unit - I:

- a) Meaning Nature, Scope and Importance of the study of Comparative Politics
- b) Approaches to the Study of Comparative Politics
- c) Traditional Philosophical Historical and Institutional
- d) Modern Approaches Behaviouralism (Structural- Functional and Systems Approach; Decision Making) and Marxian Approach

#### Unit - II:

- a) Concept of Political Culture and Political Socialization
- b) Political Development Meaning Lucian Pye's Concept of Development Syndrome

#### Unit - III

a) Party Systems- Nature and essential implementations- Typology of Party System (Sartori – Gabriel Almond)

#### Unit – IV:

a) Pressure Groups – Meaning – Nature- Functions – Western and Non-Western Societies

#### Unit - V:

- a) Typology of Political Systems: Unitary and Federal
- b) Federal Western Non-Western Societies

- 1. Modern Political Constitutions C.F. Strong
- 2. Modern Constitutions A.C. Kapoor
- 3. The Constitutions of Switzerland, Canada, Japan and Australia- Vishnoo Bhawan and Vidya Bhushan
- 4. Government and Politics in China Shiva Nath Benarjee
- 5. Government and Politics in China- D.J. Waller
- 6. Civic Culture Almond, Gabriel and Bigham Powel Jr.
- 7. Modern Comparative Politics Peter. H Merkyl

#### Semester – I

### 1.04: Indian Constitution

## Unit-I: Constitutional Development in India – The Philosophical Foundations

- a) Making of Indian Constitution Constituent Assembly
- b) The Basic Structure Federalism
- c) The Fundamental Rights and directive Principles of State Policy

### **Unit-II:** The Executive

a) The President – Election, Powers and Functions

#### **Unit-III:**

- a) The Prime Minister-Powers and Functions
- b) The Functioning of Cabinet Government

## **Unit-IV:** The Legislature – Processes and Functions

- a) Unitary through popular Government
- b) The Problem of second Chamber The Rajya Sabha
- c) Center- State Relations-Financial, Administrative, Legislative and other

## Unit-V: The Judiciary and other Institutions

- a) Supreme Court Power and Functions. The Independent Judiciary Judiciary Review
- b) Constitutional Agencies- Election Commission, Finance Commission and Controller and Auditor General

- 1. D.D. Basu: An Introduction of Indian Constitution
- 2. Greanvile Austin: The Indian Constitution
- 3. Rajani Kothari : Indian Politics
- 4. Francine Forankel: Political Economy of India
- 5. R.P. Dutt: India Today
- 6. Resheeduddin Khan: Federalism

#### Semester – I

## 1.05: Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought

#### Unit -I:

- a) Ancient Indian Political Thought Source
- b) Manu- Varna Dharma Ashrama Dharma Views on Women Legal Philosophy- Political Ideas (Dhandaniti Raja Dharma)

#### Unit - II:

- a) Political Ideas in Mahabharata Origin of State Dhandaniti- Raja Dharma
- b) Arthashastra- Saptanga theory- Mandala theory Functions of the State (State Craft)

### **Unit – III:** Pre-Vedic and Post-Vedic Institutions.

- a) Sabha
- b) Samithi
- c) Republics
- d) Kingship

### Unit – IV: Buddhist Political Thought

- a) Reorganization of Society
- b) Political Ideas (Maha Sammatha, Nature of Politics)
- c) Buddhist Ethics

#### Unit- V: Islamic Political Thought

- a) Ziauddin Barauni Fatawa-Jahandari
- b) Political Ideas of Abul Fazal

## **Suggested Readings:**

1. Kosambi DD : Culture and Civilization in Ancient India

2. Ghoshall. U.N : A History of India Political Ideas.

3. Sharma R.S : Material Culture and Society Formation in Ancient

India.

4. Altekar. A.S : State and Government in Ancient India

5. Bhandarkar D.P : Aspects of Ancient Hindu Polity

6. Saltore. B.S. : Ancient Indian Political Thought and Institutions
7. Varma V.P : Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought

8. Mehta V.R : Foundations of Indian Political Thought

## Department of Political Science Kakatiya University, Warangal, Telangana-506 009

#### SEMESTER - II

## 2.01: Modern Western Political Thought

### Unit – I : Political Thought of the Contractualists:

- a) Thomas Hobbes Scientific Materialism Human Nature State of Nature Absolute state Individualism a Critical Evaluation
- b) John Locke Social Contract Theory of Natural Rights Critical Evaluation
- c) Rousseau Human Nature State of Natural General Will Paradox of Freedom and authority

## Unit – II : Political Thought of English Utilitariansm :

- a) Jeremy Bentham Concept of Utilitarianism
- b) J.S. Mill Critique of Utilitarianism Theory of Liberty Representative Government.
- Unit III : a) German Idealism Hegel–Theory of Dialectics Philosophy of History
  - b) Hegel-Theory of State Critical evaluation

#### Unit – IV

- a) Karl Marx Dialectical Materialism Historical Materialism Critique of Capitalism – Theory of class war
- b) Karl Marx Theory of State Critical appraisal of Marxism

#### Unit – V : A Brief Study of the Political ideas of

a) Jurgen Hebermas: : Theory of Knowledgeb) Hebert Marcuse : One Dimensional Man

c) Louis Althusser : Ideological state Apparatuses

b) Foucault : Concept of Power

#### **Suggested Readings:-**

1. W.Ebnstein : Great Political Thinkers

2. G.H. Sabine : History of Political Theory

3. Sukhbir Singh : History of Political Thought (Vol.II)

4. Subrata Mukherjee &

Susheela Rama Swamy : A History of Political Thought

5. Andrew Hacker : Political Theory

6. N.Jayapalan : Comprehensive History of Political Thought

#### Semester – II

### 2.02: International Relations

#### Unit – I:

- a) Source of conflict in International Relations –Power-Ideology– Religion Culture Ethnicity
- c) Theoretical perspectives Hans J. Morgenthau Karl W. Deaush, Noam Chomsky, Samuel P. Huntington

#### Unit – II

- a) Cold War: Meaning Origin Evolution of Cold War and its impact
- b) New cold war causes Reasons for New Cold War Evolution of New Cold War

#### Unit – III

- a) Non-Alignment : Meaning Causes Growth of NAM Evaluation Relevance of Non-Alignment
- b) Diplomacy: Meaning Origin of Diplomacy New Diplomacy and various forms Decline of Diplomacy

#### Unit – IV

- a) New pattern of International Relations: New World Order. World Order models – <u>U</u>nipolar world and Multi – Polar World
- b) Disintegration of Soviet Union and its impact on Third World

#### Unit-V

a) New role for the U.N a Critical evaluation

- 1. Joseph Frankel: International Relations in a Changing World (Oxford University, Press, 1979)
- 2. Columbia T.A. and James Wolfe H, Introduction to International Relation Power and Justice (Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1989)
- 3. Hans J. Morgenthau J, Politics Among Nations (Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta, 1976)
- 4. Quincy Wright, The Study of International Relations (TMS Press, New Delhi, 1970)
- 5. Stanley Hoffman (ed) Contemporary Theory in International Relations (Englewood cliffs, 1960)
- 6. James N Rosenau, (ed) International Politics and Foreign Policy (New Delhi, 1961) Mahendra Kumar, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics (New Delhi, 1967

#### SEMESTER - II

## 2.03: Comparative Political Systems

- Unit I : UNITED KINGDOM A brief study of the evolution and basic features of the Constitution The Crown Parliament Prime Minister, Judicial System Political Parties
- Unit II : U.SA: Basic features of the Constitution President Congress –
   Judiciary federalism Checks and Balances Judicial Review Political Parties
- **Unit III**: **CANADA:** Basic features of the Constitution –Parliament, Prime Minister Federal System Judiciary Political Parties
- Unit IV : SWITZERLAND Main features of the Swiss Constitution Federal Legislature Swiss Executive Federal Judiciary Political Parties working of Direct Democracy
- **Unit** –V : Republic of China- Political Party Judiciary

- 1. Modern Political Constitutions C.F. Strong
- 2. Modern Constitutions A.C. Kapoor
- 3. The Constitutions of Switzerland, Canada, Japan and Australia- Vishnoo Bhawan and Vidya Bhushan
- 4. Government and Politics in China Shiva Nath Benarjee
- 5. Government and Politics in China- D.J. Waller
- 6. Civic Culture Almond, Gabriel and Bigham Powel Jr.
- 7. Comparative Judicial Politics Bocker Thedore L.
- 8. The Comparative Study of Political Parties Lawson Key.
- 9. Modern Comparative Politics Merkyl, Peter.H.
- 10. Comparative Politics- Price, J.H.
- 11. The Comparative Judicial Behavior Schubert Glandon

#### SEMESTER - II

## 2.04: Indian Politics (Society, Economy & Polity)

- Unit I Nature of Indian State: Socio-economic Dimensions of Indian Politics Caste, Class, Religion, Region, Language and Politics in India Problem of National integration
- Unit II Political Economy of India: industrial Development Mixed Economy-Planning in India- Agrarian Reforms: India's Economic Development: the role Foreign investments and the world Bank- Impact of Globalization on India's Political Economics- India's New Economics Policy
- **Unit-III** Party system in India: Major National and Regional Political Parties; Pressure Groups; Politics of Coalition;
- Unit-IV

  Disadvantaged groups in Indian Politics Issues of Secularism,

  Communalism and Regionalism
- Unit V Policies and performance of Indian Polity: Industrial Development-Agricultural Development- Policies of Social Welfares: SC. ST. Women and Minorities.

- 1. Rajani Kothari: caste in Indian Politics
- 2. Francine, Frankel: Political Economy of India
- 3. Rudolph and Rudolph: In Search of Laxmi
- 4. Rajani Kothari: Politics in India
- 5. A.S. Narang: Indian Government & Politics
- 6. Sugathasen Gupta: India (Society culture and Economy)

#### SEMESTER-II

## 2.05: Modern Indian Political Thought

#### Unit – I: Renaissance

- a) Raja Rammohan Roy Social Reforms Political ides
- b) Mahatma Phule Contribution for the uplift of the downtrodden
- c) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan Champion of the Welfare of the Muslims

### Unit – II: Nationalist Thought

- a) Dadabhai Naouroji The drain theory
- b) Gopal Krishna Gokhale Political Goals Political Techniques
- c) Bala Gangadhar Tilak Swarajya Militant Nationalism
- d) Sri Aurobindu Ghosh The Goal of Society Evolution and types of Society A perfect society

#### Unit - III M.K. Gandhi

- a) End Means relationship
- b) Concept of Swaraj
- c) Techniques of Satygraha
- d) Concept of the State
- e) Relevance of Gandhism today

#### Unit – IV Discourse on Modern India

- a) Swami Vivekananda Nationalism
- b) Jawaharlal Nehru Secularism and democratic Socialism

#### Unit - V

- a) Rammanohar Lohia Caste and Indian Society
- b) Babasaheb Ambedkar Uplift of untouchables Concept of Ideal Society-Political Ideas
- c) M.N.Roy Concept of Freedom Concept of Radical Humanism

- 1. VARMA. V.P: Modern Indian Political Thought
- 2. Thomas Pantham Kenneth L. Deutsch, etd: Political Thought in Modern India
- 3. Dhananjay Keer: Mahatma Jothi Rao Phule Father of Indian Social Revolution
- 4. Metha. V.R: Foundations of Indian Political Thought
- 5. Mohanty. D.K: Indian political Tradition from Manu to Ambedkar

## **Department of Political Science**

## Kakatiya University, Warangal, Telangana -506 009

#### Semester - III

## PAPER - 3.01: Modern Political Analysis

#### Unit-I:

- a) Classical Political Theory A Critique of its nature and concerns
- b) Political Theory, Political Philosophy, Political Thought and Political Science Nature and Distinction.

#### **Unit-II**

**a)** Development of Modern Political Science: Contribution of Charles Merian, Harold Lasswell and the Chicago School.

#### **Unit-III**

- a) End of Ideology Theory and the Development of Modern Political Theory.
- b) Behaviouralism Post-Behaviouralism A Critical Evaluation.

#### **Unit-IV**:

- a) System Theory Development of Systems Analysis-Political System and its operational dynamics.
- b) Structural-Functional Analysis Basic tenets-its efficacy for Political Analysis.

#### **Unit-V:**

- a) Decision-Making Theory Basic Assumptions-critical appraisal.
- b) Communication Theory- Basic Assumptions-processes-critical appraisal.
- c) Game Theory- Meaning Types of Game Theory-its uses and abuses in political analysis.

#### **Books:**

1. Bernard Kriek : American Science of Politics: Its Origin and condition.

2. James Charlesworth: Contemporary Political Theory

3. S.P. Varma : Modern Political Theory

4. N.Jayapalan : Contemporary Modern Analysis5. J.C. Hohari : Contemporary Modern Analysis

6. Robert Dahl : Modern Political Analysis

7. Shakhanazaroy : Contemporary Political Science in USA and Western

Europe.

#### Semester – III

## PAPER - 3.02: Government and Politics of Telangana

### **Unite-I:** Understanding State Politics

- 1. Approaches to the Study of State Politics: Linguistic Principle Regional autonomy and Internal Colonialism.
- 2. Trajectory of Regional Autonomy Movements in Telangana: (a) Mulki Agitation (b) Telangana Armed Struggle (c) Naxalite Movement
- 3. Implementation of Gentlemen Agreement: Telangana Movement 1969, Separate Andhra Movement 1972.

## **Unite-II:** Telangana Regional Autonomy Vs Telugu Identity

- 1. Emergence of TDP- Telugu Identity
- 2. Re- Emergence of Telangana Movement: Economic Reforms and Uneven Development- Agrarian Crisis, Exploitation of Resources

## Unite- III: Telangana Regional Autonomy Vs Telugu Identity

- 1. Agencies of Telangana Movement: (a) Cultural Organizations, Students, Women, Employees and Political Parties.
- 2. Telangana Joint Action Committee (JAC)

## **Unite-IV: Working Of Political Institutions**

- 1. Governor
- 2. Chief Minister and Council of Minister
- 3. Legislature
- 4. Panchayatraj Institutions

### **Unite-V:** Party Politics and Telangana

- 1. Congress, BJP and Left Parties
- 2. TRS. Telugu Desam
- 3. Media and Politics

- 1. Sarojini Regani, Nizam-British Relations
- 2. Goutham Pingle, The Fall and Rise of Telangana, Hyderabad, 2014.
- 3. Sundarayya, P. 1972. Telangana Peoples' Struggle and its Lessons, D. P. Sraj Chadha for the communist Party (Marxist), Calcutta.
- 4. States Reorganization Commission (SRC). 1955. Report, Government of India, Delhi.
- 5. Krishna, Water Dispute Tribunal. 1976. (Bachawat Tribunal), <a href="http://www.irrigation.ap.gov.in/">http://www.irrigation.ap.gov.in/</a> kwdtaward.html, accessed on January 2014.
- K.Y.Reddy, Statehood for Telangana essays on Telangana Agitation, History Cultural & Society, and Published by Decan Telangana. 2010.

- 7. Pandurangam, K. Krishna Rao, V. (1994) By Andhra Pradesh Politics, Telugu Academy, Hyderabad.
- 8. Ambedkar, B.R. 1955 Thoughts on Linguistic States, http://www.ambedkar.org.
- 9. Veeranna G., (ed) "Social Movements in India: Issues and Challenges, Pragma Publications, Hyderabad, 2016.
- 10. Ghanashyam Shah: Social Movements and State Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 11. Kingshuk Nag., "Battleground Telangana Chronicle of An Agitation" Harper Collins publishers India, New Delhi, 2011.
- 12. Madabhushi Sridhar, "Emergence of Telangana A.P Reorganisation Act, 2014, Published by Asia Law House, Hyderabad, 2015.
- 13. B Janardhan Rao Memorial Foundation, "Identity and Struggle Telangana and Adivasis" MRK Publications Hyderabad, 2015.

### Semester - III

## PAPER - 3.03: Research Methodology

Unit-I : Nature of Social Science Research

a) Meaning of Social Science Research

b) Methods of Social Science Research - Traditional and Scientific

Unit - II :

a) Use and Limitations of Scientific

b) Objectivity in Social Science Research

Unit-III : Research Design

Meaning, Purpose and Principles of Research Design

a) Descriptive

b) Diagnostic

Unit-IV : Data Collection

a) Exploratory

b) Experimental

Unit-V : Data Analysis

a) Coding and Tabulation

b) Content Analysis

c) Interpretation

d) Evaluation and Style and Presentation

**Books:** 

1. Good W.J, and Hatt P.K : Methods in Social Research

2. Wilkinson and Bhandarkar : Methodology and Techniques of

Scientific Research

3. Sharma. B.A.V : Methods in Social Science

Research

## Semester – III PAPER - 3.04 (a): Gandhian Studies

Unit-I : M.K. Gandhi- Life- Influences-Leader of freedom

Struggle in India

Unit-II :

a) Gandhi's social Philosophy- view on religion and God-eradication

of Untouchability-Emanceipation of Women. Concept on

Education

Unit-III :

a) Gandhi's Economic ideas-Concept of basic needs-bread-

trusteeship. Sarvodaya-self sufficient village.

Unit-IV:

Gandhi's Political Ideas-Means and Ends-Spiritualization of Politics-Ethnics in Politics-Concept of Swaraj, Swadeshi-Concept of non-

Violence-Satyagraha and its techniques-Concepts of freedom and responsibility concept of state-philosophical Anarchism-views on

democracy.

Unit-V:

Relevance of Gandhism today the negative and united results of

development. Gandhism as a remedy. Problems and prospects of

practicing Gandhism; Gandhism after Gandhi.

**Books:** 

1. M.M. Gandhi : An Autobiography, Navajivan

2. Raghavan Iyer : The Moral and Political Thought of

Gandhi, Oxford University

3. Thomas Pantham and

Kenneth Deutsch : Political Thought in Modern India: Sage

**Publications** 

4. J.D. Sethi : Gandhi Today, Vikas Publishing House.

5. G.N. Dhavan : The Political Philosophy of Mahatma

Gandhi, Navajivan

## Semester – III PAPER - 3.04 (b): Panchayati Raj System in India

Unit-I : a) The evolution of Rural Self-Government in India, Pre-Independence

and Post-Independence Period.

**Unit-II** : a) Constitution Provisions. Relating to Panchayati Raj

Unit-III : a) Community development Programmes on India-Balwantrai Mehta

Committee Report – Establishment of Panchayati Raj

b) Aims and Objectives of the Panchayati Raj.

**Unit-IV:** 

a) Performance of Panchayati Raj Institutions – An Evaluation.

b) Reforms in Panchayati Raj Institutions- Ashok Mehta Committee

Recommendations.

**Unit-V:** 

a) Devolution of Powers to Panchayati Raj Institutions.

b) 73<sup>rd</sup> Constitutional Amendment and its importance.

c) Panchayati Raj in India – Promise and Performance-Problem s and

Prospects.

**Books:** 

1. H.D. Malaviya : Village Panchayati India

2. D. Thomer : The Village Panchayati as a Vehicle of

Change.

3. G. Ram Reddy : Patterns of Panchayati Raj System in

India

#### Semester - III

## PAPER - 3.05 (a): Political Sociology

#### **Unit-I:**

- a) Political Sociology Definition, Political Science and Political Sociology-Distinction.
- b) Political Sociology Origins, Nature, Scope and Importance.

#### **Unit-II:**

- a) Power, Authority and Influence- Definitions and Distinctions.
- b) Theories of Elites- Mitchell's, Parato, Mosca-C. Wright Mill's Ruling Elites- Typology of Elites.

#### **Unit-III:**

- a) Political Culture Definition, Foundations and Classification- Importance of Political Culture.
- b) Political Socialization-Agents of Political Socialization; Importance of Political Socialization in Political System.
- c) Political Participation-Nature of Participation-Types of participation.

#### **Unit-IV:**

a) The Concepts of Political Development and Political Modernization- Indicators of Political Development. Lucian Pye's development syndrome.

#### **Unit-V:**

a) Political Parties and Pressure Groups-Definition; Nature; Function; Types of Political Parties.

#### **Books:**

1. Almond, Gabriel and Coleman : The Politics of the Developing

James S. Areas

2. Karl Deutsh : The Nerves of Government3. Lasswell, Harold : Who Gets What, When and How

Dennis Kavanagh
 Political Culture.
 Almond and Verba
 The Civic Culture
 Lester Milbrath
 Political Participation
 Pye Lucian and Weiner Miron (Ed)
 Political Parties and Political Development

8. Sydney Verba : Aspects of Political Development

#### Semester - III

## PAPER - 3.05 (b): Peace and Conflict Studies

### Unit-I:

- a) Approaches to study Peace and Conflict in Realm of International Relations:
- b) Theoretical Perspective of John Galtung, Anatoly Rapaport and Martin Wight and William Thompson

#### Unit-II

- a) Nature of Conflict in International Relations: territorial, ethnic and Power Politics.
- b) Measure for resolving the conflict: Diplomacy, Confidence-building measures and Third Party Mediations with examples in International Politics

#### Unit-III

- a) Disarmament and Society in International Politics: Various arms Control and Disarmaments; U.N. efforts to achieve comprehensive Disarmaments.
- b) Use of Force in International Politics to maintain order in International Politics.

### Unit-IV

a) Paradox of Nuclear Weapons and Strategy; Various strategies to Deescalation of Nuclear war (Resolving crisis through Disarmament and resolution of conflict).

#### Unit-V

a) Resolving conflict through negotiation, Disarmaments and Confidence-Building Measures.

#### **Books:**

1. Raymond Aron : Peace and War A Theory of

International Relations.

2. Carl Von Clausewitz : On War

3. J.J Rousseau : A Project of Perpetual Peace

4. Immanuel Kant : Perpetual Peace

5. John Strachey6. R.B. Mow at7. On the Prevention of War8. Diplomacy and Peace

## Department of Political Science Kakatiya University, Warangal, Telangana -506 009

#### Semester – IV

### PAPER - 4.01: Administrative Thought

#### Unit-I:

- a) F.W. Taylor-Theory of Scientific Management A critical evaluation of Taylor's contribution to administrative thought.
- b) Max Weber- Typology of Authority-Theory of Bureaucracy a critical appraisal of Weber.

#### **Unit-II:**

- a) Elton Mayo Importance of Human Relations in Administration.
- b) Chester Barnard Organization as cooperative system-Format and internal organizations- Functions of Executive.

#### **Unit-III:**

- a) Herbert Simon- Critique of Classical Theories- Theory of Decision Making an assessment of Simon's contribution.
- b) Douglas McGregor X and Y theories- his views on professional manager.

#### **Unit-IV:**

a) Fried W. Riggs – Ecology of Administration; Analysis of administrative system, various models- concept of development-a critical assessment of his ideals.

#### **Unit-V:**

a) Yehezkel Dror – Policy Sciences and their implications.

#### **Books:**

1. Ravindra Prasad, V.S. Prasad

and Satyanarayana : Administrative Thinkers
2. S.N. Ali : Eminent Administrative

**3.** Pugh, D.A. : Organization Theory : Select Reading

4. Ravindra Prasad, V.S. Prasad

and Satyanarayana : Palana tatvavethalu (Telugu)
5. B. Venkateshwarlu : "Theories of Organization and

Development" in Public Administration: An Alternative Perspective, Susheela Kausik

(Ed.) 1984.

## PAPER - 4.02: South Asian Government and Politics

#### Unit-I:

- a) Introduction to South Asian History- Pre-Colonial and Post-Colonial
- b) Evolution of Government Formation in South Asia in Post Colonial Period.

#### Unit-II

- a) Salient Features of Constitutions of India and Pakistan.
- b) Structure of Governments-Political Parties.

#### Unit-III

a) Constitutions of Bangladesh, Nepal and Sri Lanka: Salient Features. Structure of Governments-Political Parties.

## Unit-IV

: a) The Nature and Functioning of Governments in South Asia.

### Unit-V

a) Working of Democratic political Process in India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh and Nepal

### **Books:**

1. Brecher.M The New States of South Asia: A Political Analysis

2. Betty Burch. B and

Asian Political Systems Allan Cole. B., (ed):

3. Michael Curtis Comparative Government and Politics

4. Park, R.L.(ed) South Asian Political Systems An introduction to South Asia 5. Farmer. B.H

6. Rajani Kothari Politics in India

## PAPER - 4.03: Social Movements in India

Unit-I:

a) Meaning, Causes for Movements in general – India in particular- Aims and Objectives-Relation between Movement and Politics.

Unit-II

a) Religion and Caste Movements-Veera Shiva Movement-Backward Class Movements-Self respect Movements and Politics.

Unit-III

a) Tribal Movements – A brief Study of tribal movements in pre and post Independent Movements-Santhal-Jharkhand-ULFA Movement-BIRSA, MUNDA

Unit-IV

a) Left and Proletariat Movement-Trade Union Movement, Telangana armed struggle-Naxalite Movement.

Unit-V

a) Women and Environmental Movements.

b) Peasant Movement.

**BOOKS:** 

A.R. Desai
 M.S.A. Rao
 Easants Structures in India
 Social Movements in India.

3. Ghanashyam Shah : Social Movements and State Sage

Publications, New Delhi.

4. B.B. Misira : Back ward Classes Movements in India

## PAPER - 4.04(a): Women and Politics in India

#### Unit-I:

- a) Feminism-Meaning and Nature
- b) Trends in Feminist Ideology Liberal Socialist and Radical
- c) Feminism in India- Its social bases and concerns.
- d) Concept of Patriarchy Its nature and forms.

#### **Unit-II:**

- a) Social, Political and Economic status of women in India
- b) Participation of Women in Political Parties, and governments- Major Constraints.
- c) Education, Mass Media and Women in India

#### **Unit-III:**

- a) Emergence of autonomous women's groups
- b) Women movement in Urban and Rural India- Major issues and trends.
- c) Politics of Gender- the dominant and dominations relationship- Family and Society.

#### **Unit-IV:**

a) Women and Social evils - Female Amenocentisism - Child Marriage - Dowry-Employment - Response of the State.

#### **Unit-V:**

a) Women's Development-Problems and Prospects.

#### **BOOKS:**

Neera Desai : Women in Modern India.
 Rehna Ghadially : Women in Indian Society
 Pratima, Shanta : Women Movement in India
 Jadith Evans : Feminism in Political Theory
 Devaki Jain : Women's quest for Power

6. Devaki Jain : Indian Women7. S.K. Ghosh : Women in Politics

8. Vina Mazundar : Symbols of Power: Studies in the Political Status of

Women in India

## Semester – IV PAPER - 4.04(b): Socialist Thought in India

Unit-I : Socialist Thought in India – A Historical Overview-Origin of Communist

Movement-Congress Socialist Party.

**Unit-II**: Jawaharlal Nehru and Subhas Chandra Bose.

Unit-III : Jayaprakash Narain

Unit-IV : a) Ram Manohar Lohia

b) Narendra Dev

**Unit-V**: M.N. Roy - Socialist ideas – Radical Humanism.

**Books:** 

1. Thomas Pantham and

Kenneth L Deustch (ED) : Political thought in Modern

India

2. V.P. Varma : Modern Indian Political Thought

3. Jawaharlal Nehru : An Autobiography

4. M.N.Roy : Reason, Romanticism and

Revolution

5. Toye Hugh : Subhas Chandra Bose.

6. Jayaprakash Narayana : Why Socialism?

## PAPER - 4.05(a): Indias Foreign Policy

#### Unit-I:

- a) Nature and Functioning of India Foreign Policy; Determinants: Size, Indian Ocean and Indo-Pakistan Frontier.
- b) Historical Background of India Foreign Policy
- 1) Colonial legacy, 2) Freedom Movement.

#### Unit-II

- a) Approaches of India Foreign Policy: Idealist view, Internationalism, Anti-Imperialism and Non Alignment.
- b) Factors Conditioning the Foreign policy International Milieu, Big Power Politics, Nuclear Weapons and indo-Pak conflict.

#### Unit-III

- a) Foreign Policy Making: Political Parties, ruling Elite, Public Opinion, Government and Parliament.
- b) Nehru Factors in Formulating India's Foreign Policy, Emergence of non-Aligned Policy and East-West conflict;

### Unit-IV

a) India Foreign Policy: national Interest- Globalization and Emerging New U.N. System.

## Unit-V

a) Policy Formulation in the era of Globalization: Resolving conflicts with her neighbours: India – China.

#### **BOOKS:**

1. J. Bandyopadhyaya : The Making of India's Foreign Policy

2. Frankel, J : The Making of Foreign Policy

3. Making Sisir Gupta : An Analysis of Decision- A Study

in Indo-Pakistan

4. Appa Dorai. A. and : India in World affairs, 1957-58

V.K. Arora

5. Das Gupta, J.B : Indo-Pakistan Relations

## PAPER - 4.05(b): State and Governance in India

**Unit-I:** a) Concept of State, Civil Society and Governance.

**Unit-II:** 

a) Conceptualizing Good Governance.

b) Changing role of the State

**Unit-III:** State and Welfare Politics.

Welfare Politics for Socially disadvantaged groups.

a) Scheduled Castes.

b) Scheduled tribes.

c) Backward Classes

**Unit-IV:** State and Urban Governance

a) Urbanization – Causes

b) Problems of Urbanization.

c) Local bodies & Urban Governance.

**Unit-V**: Good Governance – Need for Reforms.

a) Political.

b) Administrative

c) Police.

#### **BOOKS:**

1. Chopra, G.K. (ed) : Towards Good Governance.

2. Duely, Ajay, (ed) : Democratic Governance:

Management Practices in India

3. Faundez, Julio, (ed) : Good Governance and Law:

**Legal and Institutional Reform** 

4. Frischatak, Leila : Governance capacity and economic

reform in developing countries.

5. Gupta, N.C. and : Restructuring Government.

R.K. Tiwari, (eds)

6. Page, W., (ed) : The Future of Politics: Governance,

Movements and World order.

7. Rhodes, raw : Understanding governance Policy

Network

8. Sen Gupta, Bhabani
9. Sivaraman.B.Bitter Sweet
1. India-Problems of Governance.
2. Governance of India in Transition

10. Abdul Aziz and David

D. Arnold(ed) : Decentralized governance: ethics and

**Economics of the world order** 

11. Desai, Meghanand and Paul

Redfern, (eds) : Global governance: ethics and

**Economics of the world order** 

12. Murray, Charles : In Pursuit of happiness and good

Government